Royal West End the brand that made reputation. Leaders of 240 years. Rs. 185 only. WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

Experience costs money, learn benefit by other men's experience. ROYAL WEST END cycle, 185 is the greatest investment. WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co. BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. VIII. NO. 24 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1920. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date About.	Steamers.	Tons.	
31st Jan.	Malta	6964	
7th Feb.	Morvada	8128	
14th "	Neuralia	6089	
21st "	Somali	6716	
28th "	Karmala	8283	

*The Somali is fully booked with passengers from China, and will have no accommodation for passengers from Bombay.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamers	
29th Jan.	Kooesanse	Karachi & Persia Gulf
29th "	Dumora	Persian Gulf
30th Jan.	Lunda	Karachi direct
31st "	Barala	Bunch via Karachi
2nd "	Chakla	Karachi via K. port
5th "	Kamuna	E. & S. Africa
5th "	Dunkuna	Basra direct

Noon. 10 A. M.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passages for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Hwah Wo	G. Usui	4240	13th Jan.	30th Jan.
Gwosan Maru	T. Yoshioka	3479	18th Jan.	31st Jan.
Seikai Maru	..	3708	25th Jan.	8 st Jan.
Wakamatsu Maru	K. Shimizu	2721	28th Jan.	8th Feb
Shinyu Maru	S. Mori	2176	2nd Feb.	14th Feb
*Yokoshi Maru	M. Kiyamura	3053	8th Feb.	15th Feb
Yawata Maru	S. Ono	3919	13th Feb.	1st Mar
Kimi Maru	M. Murakami	3193	7 Feb.	3rd Mar.
†Tetsutsu Maru	Y. Arakida	4141	28th Feb.	3rd Mar.

*The steamer sailed from New York for Calcutta via Karachi & Bombay.
†This steamer sailed from New York for Calcutta via Bombay.

For Freight apply to:—
E. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alies Buildings,
Horaby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan).
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet—167 Vessel Gross Tonnage 402,00
REGULAR SERVICE FROM BOMBAY JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.	Destination
Siam Maru	D Imai-zumi	22nd Feb.	23rd Mar.	Japan
Ganges Maru	[illegible]	15th Jan.	1st Feb.	Japan
Jagna Maru	K. Uchida	29th Jan.	1st Feb.	Japan
Edzu Maru	[illegible]	10th Feb.	20th Feb.	Japan
HasidateMaru	K. Mori	1st Feb.	10th Feb.	Japan

For Freight apply to:—
M. ICHIYAMA,
Manager.
Ajani Building, Ballard Road,
Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Baghdad, Basrah, Amara, Hillah, Mosul, Basrah City.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Called up Capital	£600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£900,000
Reserve Fund	£110,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K. T., (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esqr., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
Sir James Leigh Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.).
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (Martins Bank, Ltd.).
J. H. Batty, Esq.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarjee, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF FIVE PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at four per cent. per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, LOANS and CREDITS GRANTED on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and rent and dividends collected for clients.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,25,700	0	0
Reserve Funds	12,20,000	0	0

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Ludhiana
Bombay	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Calcutta	Jullundhur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I Khan	Karachi	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Srinagar
Gujan	Lyallpur	Gujranwalla City
Hapur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Re. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

RUPCHAND KAPUR,
Manager.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar.
Registered under the Baroda Companies' Act III of 1897.
HEAD OFFICE: Baroda.
BRANCHES: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana, Surat and Bombay.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	60,00,000
Capital Paid-up	20,00,000
Reserve Fund	12,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
INTEREST allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs 3 per year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of shares and securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

BANKING.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA, LIMITED.
(Registered in the Transvaal.)
With which are incorporated.
The Bank of Africa, Ltd., The Natal Bank, Ltd. and The National Bank of The Orange River Colony, Ltd.
Bankers to the Government of the Union of South Africa in the Transvaal, Natal and Orange Free State.
Bankers to the British Imperial Government in South Africa.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	£2,965,000
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO	£4,000,000
CAPITAL & RESERVE	£4,615,000

HEAD OFFICE:—PRETORIA.
LONDON OFFICES:—Circus Place, London Wall; 18 St. Swithin's Lane, and 25, Cockspur Street (West End).
NEW YORK OFFICE:—16, Wall Street.
OVER 420 BRANCHES AND SUB-BRANCHES IN SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA.
ANTWERP OFFICE 55, Place de Meir.
MAURITIUS OFFICE—Port Louis.
Agents at Amsterdam, Paris, Petrograd and the Principal Cities of the World.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on daily credit balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000; interest on balances exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 subject to special arrangement.
BILLS negotiated and collected.
LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS issued.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
SPECIAL FACILITIES FOR BUSINESS WITH SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA.

W. MURRAY SMITH,
Acting Manager.

Taj Buildings,
210, Hornby Road.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

Subscribed Capital	Yen. 60,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen. 37,500,000
Reserve Fund	Yen. 7,090,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

London	Yokohama	Karenko
New York	Moji	Keelung
Shanghai	Amoy	Mukung
Hongkong	Canton	Taitoh
Singapore	Foochow	Shinchiku
Batavia	Hankow	Taichu
Semarang	Kiukiang	Taman
Soerabaya	Swatow	Takow
Tokyo	Ako	Tamsui
Kobe	Giran	Towen
Osaka	Kagi	Bangkok

The Bank has also a large number of Correspondents at Home and Abroad.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

K. TAKEMURA,
Manager.
56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan).
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 120,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 61,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 28,000,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA.
Branches:—
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Rio de Janeiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tokio, Tsingtau, Vladivostock.
CURRENT DEPOSIT accounts are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed on the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,50,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

S. ATSUWA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 907.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

SOAPS, CANDLES, &c
We keep large stocks of famous English BAR SOAPS, CARTON SOAPS and TOILET SOAPS, manufactured by Messrs. William Gossage and Sons, Ltd., and Joseph Crosfield and Sons, Ltd., also of Candles of different sizes and manufactures and of Chemicals, such as SODA BICARBONATE, SODA ASH, SILICATE OF SODA, CAUSTIC SODA, BLEACHING POWDER, CRESCENT ALKALI, SALAMAC, etc. For Price List, apply to:—
MESSRS. AHMED HUSEIN & CO.
Khadak, Mandvi Post, BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 80,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Yen 2,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND	Yen 83,50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dutombori	Kyoto	Semba
Fukuta	London	Shanghai
Hankaw	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Uoriaburacho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	Yanai
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

J. SATO,
Manager.

Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 889.

INSURANCE.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad, Kt.
Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt.
Jamshed E. Karachi, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Booja & Co.).
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Moolji Jetha & Co.) (Ex-officio).
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies a boon to Policy-holders.
Applications for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars, apply to:—

JIVANLAL DASTUR & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

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Have you seen the latest Prospectus issued by the H.M.L.A.?
MAXIMUM ASSURANCE AT MINIMUM OF COST
It will repay you to send for a copy.

Funds and assets over Rs. 2,00,000
Claims Paid exceed Rs. 3,00,000
Trustee of the Reserved Fund—Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee)
According to Govt. Blue Book—The Oldest Hindu Life office in India.

HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.
Estd. 1891.

Head Office	Chief Agents:
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NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: 7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Comptroller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
For all forms of Assurance please apply to

RAE & Co., Managing Agents. P. BANERJEA, Secretary.

or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency.
71, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

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A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
LADIES' HATS
IN THE LATEST SHAPES AND DESIGNS

Jockey Hats, — — at Rs. 15/- each
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Gold or Silver Embroidery Hats, at Rs. 20/- „
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AHMED E ESAALI,
MERCERS, MILLINERS & LADIES' DRESS MAKER.
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ACTUAL BUSINESS
has times without number justified MEHTA'S claim to be called the "BEST AUCTIONEER". Day in and day out.....
Year in and year out. MEHTA is giving SUCH SERVICE as no other auctioneer can give.
MEHTA does not claim to be cheaper in the first cost but he does claim to be "THE CHEAPEST" in the long run, for by giving HIGHER REALIZATIONS and very often by getting ASTONISHINGLY GOOD PRICES for your goods, valuables or properties, he saves you from playing "Penny wise and Pound foolish" so frequently.
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Next time you need an auctioneer—ENGAGE MEHTA —*the auctioneer—as-one-ought-to-be.*

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When you are worried and heart-sick for not getting what you want in the silk line, come and pay us a visit and you are sure to get what you want.
We have just received a fresh consignment of various kinds of Embroideries and Gumpurs Allovers from Switzerland direct.

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Telephone No. 1800.

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THE CHEAPEST
FIRST CLASS HOTEL
at which to put up at in Bombay is the
RAILWAY HOTEL
Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Railway" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a healthy locality.
DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.
Competent Chefs, High Class Wines and Billiard Tables.
Charney Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 111.

We secure the acme or comfort and appearance
Diomand Jubilee Washing COMPANY
Hamam Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

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THE S. S. "LOYALTY" is expected to sail from Bombay to Marseilles about the 12th of February, 1920, carrying First Class "A", First Class "B" and Second Class passengers.
The following are the fares from Bombay to Marseilles:—
1st Class "A", Rs. 560 (single fare).
1st Class "B", Rs. 350 (single fare).
2nd Class, Rs. 250 (single fare).
No berth will be registered without a payment of deposit of Rs. 200.
Children over 3 and under 12 years are charged half fare. One child under 3 (if with parents free; no berth allotted). Each additional child under 3 years, one quarter of full fare. Children paying quarter or half fare are only allotted berths in the ratio of one berth for each two.
A reduction of 10 per cent will be made on three or more fares for families.
2 Children between 3 and 12 will be counted as one full fare.
336 lbs. (3 cwts.) as luggage allowed free for 1st Class.
168 lbs (1½ cwts.) as luggage allowed free for 2nd Class.
Extra baggage will be charged at Rs. 12 per cwt.
For further particulars please apply to:—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co., Agents,
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address: "JALANATHJI"
Telephone No. 114.

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To-night ! To-night ! Every Night 9-30 p. m.

Grand Change of Programme

GREAT NOVELTY NEW AMUSEMENTS

SHELLAR'S
Royal Circus

SANDHURST ROAD, NEAR GLOBE CINEMA.

100 Animals **30 Artists**

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 p. m. (S.T.)

Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Students at Half Rates for the Matinees only

Rates Rs. 10, 3, 2, 1. Gallery As. 8.

T. C. SHELLAR, *Proprietor.* J. W. WALLETT, *General Manager.*

THE EXCELSIOR

To-day at 9-30 p.m. sharp.

T. Daniel Frawley

PRESENTS

The Frawley Company

In Repertoire of the Latest London and New York Successes.

To-night, Tues. & Wed. Jan. 27th & 28th, at 9-30 p. m. Sharp.

"POLLY WITH A PAST"

A THREE-ACT COMEDY BY GEORGE MIDDLETON AND GUY BOLTON.

Prices Re. 5 to Re. 1.

Booking at Rose & Co. up to 6 p. m. After 7 p. m. Plan for to-night's attraction at the theatre. Seats booked by tel. No, 288 must be taken up before 9-15 p. m. The Curtain will rise at 9. m. SHARP.

NO CINEMA Show at 6-30 p. m. To-day

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.

A CLASSIC CONTEST

Thousands of Sportsmen would have given anything to see the historic fight between

GEORGES CARPENTIER & DICK SMITH

(English Champion Detainer of the Lord Lonsdale Belt

The splendid film record **2,000** feet long. Shows every detail of the **8** rounds with the two combatants in full range of the camera from start to finish.

"Miss Jackie of the Army"

A Relic of the War.—Would that all relics were so good! "Jackie" wanted to be a "Joan of Arc".

HOUDINI ! HOUDINI !

The King of Magicians

HAS MADE A SENSATION IN BOMBAY.

Thousands Disappointed owing to want of seats.

OVERPACKED HOUSES EACH NIGHT.

The Master Mystery

HAS MYSTIFIED EVERYBODY.

WHY MISS SUCH A RARE OPPORTUNITY?

Come To-night !

THE GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD.

Shows at 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.

CINEMA MAJESTIC

HAS THE HONOUR OF PRESENTING THIS WEEK

AN AMERICAN JOAN OF ARC

Confronting those

WOLVES OF KULTUR

these agents of Hunnish Deviltry and Frightfulness. This Lovely and Patriotic Girl combats the Kaiser's hordes of Spies and Traitors and lures them to destruction.

2nd INSTALMENT OF THIS PATHE SERIAL

DAILY AT **5-15, 7-0, 8-45 & 10-30.**

PRICES AS USUAL.

SRAKUNTALA.

WILL BE OUT SHORTLY

Messrs. Patankar Friends & Co.'s

FIRST DRAMATIC PRODUCTION:

DUSHYANTA.

SHAKUNTALA

or The Fateful Ring

Shakuntala Writing Love Letter.

adapted from the drama of the same name and strictly in accordance with the Drama.

BY THE WORLD'S GREATEST POET

KALIDASA

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PATANKAR FRIENDS & Co.,

NAGDEVI STREET, BOMBAY.

Youth Bursting its Bonds.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE.

Howitt Phillips Co.

To-day at 9-30 p. m.
The great American Detective Drama
"Within the Law"

Thursday, 29th, at 9-30 p m.
The famous drama
"The Story of the Rosary"

Friday, 30th, at 9-30 p. m.
The screaming farce.
"You Never Know, Y'Know"

Saturday, 31st, at 9-30 p. m.
Bernard Shaw's famous play
"Pygmalion."

Saturday, 31st, Matinee at 5 p. m.
The famous drama
"The Story of the Rosary"

Night prices: Rs. 5, 3, 2 & 1.
Matinee prices: Rs 3, 2 & 1.
BOOKING AT S. ROSE & Co.

Picture Programme

To-day, To-morrow (Thursday) & Friday at 6-30 p.m.
The six reel Super Production
"Fools' Gold"

The story is a strong with a climax that is as big and strong as it is interesting and unusual. The scenes were filmed in the Northwest Cascade Mountains where the secenery is unusually beautiful, excelling anything, it is said, that California can boast of. The picture is full of action from the first reel to the last.

A DELIGHTFUL ENTAINMENT

Prices: Re. 1-8, Re 1, Ans. 8 & 4.
(Seats in Side Boxes Rs 2.)
(Dress Circle Boxes Rs 5 each.)

CULTURED TAILORS

FOR CUSTOMERS OF

CULTURED TASTE.

Apaujo Fernandes & Co.

Princess Street, BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

A SCREAM-NOVEL FULL SENSE AND SENSIBILITY.

"TIH-MINH"

The fascinating Story with a gripping realistic plot, with intensely powerful under-currents of Love, Adventure, Mystery and Crime.

"TIH-MINH"

the oriental bride of a French Explorer is persecuted by a Hindoo for the sake of a mysterious will written in a Hindoo Book.

Every chapter is engrossing and interesting.

WEST-END CINEMA

(New Churney Road)

To-night: 5-30, 7, 8-45, 10-15 (S.T.)

THE

EMPRESS

TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

"The Business of Life"

is a powerful Pictorialisation of the well-known Novel by Robert W. Chambers. An Excellent Story—an Excellent Film.

"The Business of Life"

is an All-Star Film. The Artistes who take part in it are all at the top of the tree. It is a Film of Intense Human Interest in which a Thread of Love is woven into the Realities of Life.

Two Merry Comedies

are included in a programme which is bound to please. So don't forget to include on your week's engagements a visit to the Empress, the Most Modern and the Brightest Theatre in Bombay.

EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY AT 9-30 P. M.

"Kilties Three"

A Scottish Romance of the Great War. Light-hearted and Varied Entertainment.

"Kilties Three"

Glimpses of Our Women's Army, Life in Billets, Camouflaged Ships, The Great Work of THE RED CROSS, and how NOT to run a Government Farm.

Under the kind Patronage of
H. H. the Maharaja Sayajirao Gaekwar of Baroda

THE

Gandharva Natak Mandali

will perform at

The New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road
Wednesday, 28th Jan., 1920, at 8 p.m. (S.T.)

Sangit] **VIDYAHARANA** [Acts 3

Saturday, 31st January, 1920, at 8 p.m. (S.T.)

Sangit] **EKACHA PYALA** [Acts 5

Sunday, 1st February, 1920, at 3 p.m (S.T.)

Sangit] **EKACHA PYALA** [Acts 7

Tickets can be had at the Mandali's residence, in the Bungalow of Nanshankarshet's Temple, Tardev Road, near Grant Road Station.

K. P. PANDIT, MANAGER.

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Coming Shortly

D. W. Griffith's

COLOSSAL $2,000,000 Spectacle

"Intolerance"

Greatest NOVELTY the Theatre has ever known

125,000 People
7,500 Horses
1,200 Chariots.

LOVE'S STRUGGLE THROUGHOUT THE AGES.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL

THE PREMIER PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY.

TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT

Showing a remarkably fine new Pathe Photoplay in four reels,

The Vagabond
The Vagabond
The Vagabond

Also showing

Pathe Gazette

UP AND DOWN (Comic)

Times: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

AMIC[illegible]ND GOVANJI

The Oldest and Most Popular Confectioner's Depot in India.

Established Over Half a Century Ago.

Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street (off Kent, Bombay.

Phone No. 679.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificate:—

Vegetarian Federal Union,
19, Farringdon Street, E.C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1909 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.

(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.

SHIR LADWA (Sweet Balls) of various descriptions and sizes

THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of threadlike round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALWAS of different descriptions, such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Vivi), (b) Safroy Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Assamented Halva, (e) Vanila Halva, (f) Mohanati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our signboard and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No. V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention. The numerous public are requested to do us a trial.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 09 April, 2017

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TO-MORROW—We have something you want, going cheap to-morrow at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.). Come and inspect our Showrooms before the Auction starts. You can also buy many things, prices of which are marked or you can place your offer with us, subject to the acceptance of the owners. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1893. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, ass., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietors, GOPALDAS LALDAS., Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

MOTORS & ACCESSORIES.

REDUCED PRICES AGAIN REDUCED.—4 seater Touring car, Rs. 2,500; 2 seater Runabout, Rs. 2,350. FORD AUTOMOBILES (India), LTD., Hughes Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 707. Telegram "Autoford."

LOST.

LOST a Life Policy No. 15527 of the National Insurance Co., Ltd. in the name of Mr. A. H. S. Tarde. If found, please return to Chief Agents Dhurandhar Brothers, 72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. 8088

MISCELLANEOUS.

CAPITALIST WANTED TO INVEST large or small sums on sound securities. Apply to Box No. 957, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8117

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED COMPETENT READERS for the "Bombay Chronicle" Press. Apply sharp to the General Manager.

WANTED capable ASSISTANT for the Grocery Counter. Apply ARMY & NAVY STORES. 8118

WANTED a fast Typist immediately. Apply Jeena & Co., 34, Church Gate Street, Fort, personally. 8071

WANTED a GRADUATE TEACHER for the New High School. Apply personally to THE PRINCIPALS. 8132

WANTED a Clerk for the New High School. Must write a good hand. Apply personally to THE PRINCIPALS. 8131

WANTED a EUROPEAN LADY graduate or undergraduate to teach English to a Parsi lady. Apply Box No. 958, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8127

WANTED—A B.E., or L.C.E., as Assistant in an Architect's Firm, Bombay. Apply Box No. 946, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8067

WANTED a Clerk for an Attorneys' Office with good experience of work in the Attorneys' Office. Apply stating salary and experience. Box No. 951, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8085

WANTED—A TYPIST accustomed to Oliver Typewriter (a Hindu or a Christian preferred). Apply to R. H. VORA & Co., Lalsingh Building, Lohar Chawl, Bombay. 8129

WANTED—First Class MECHANICAL ENGINEER knowing electric work for up-country Mill only experienced man need apply to Box No. 959, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—A competent Ledger Keeper and an Accounts Clerk for a first Class Hotel in Bombay. Apply immediately stating terms with copies of testimonials to Box No. 947, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8074

WANTED—A Salesman having a thorough experience in Mill and Gin store lines. English, Gujrathi knowing person will have first preference. For terms apply Messrs. A. V. Nawab & Co., 369, Abdul Rahman Street, Bombay with testimonials. 8080

WANTED—SHORTHAND TYPISTS for Ahmedabad also Corespondence Clerks able to carry on correspondence independently in English. Apply with testimonials stating terms to Box No. 965, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8159

WANTED by a Japanese Firm—A Junior Clerk honest hard-working strong in calculation and another English Correspondence Clerk knowing Typewriting and Stenographing. Apply sharp in his own writing stating the requirements to Box No. 948, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8075

WANTED:—For the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee:

(A) One Urdu knowing and one Gujerathi knowing OFFICE CLERK well up in English (Matric or School Final preferred) on Rs. 30—3—45—5/2—50 plus Rs. 20. War allowance p. m.

(B) One Marathi knowing and one Gujerathi knowing teacher i.e., two in all for each of the following:

(a) Indian Music and Harmonium playing.

(b) Drill (must know English and have experience).

(c) Drawing (must have passed the Teachers' or the 4th Year Painting Examination).

(d) Sewing (wanted a lady).

(e) Knitting (wanted a lady knowing Knitting on machine too)

(f) English in Girls' Schools (wanted a lady and must have studied upto Matric).

The salary of the first three kinds of teachers shall be Rs. 40—4/2—100 p. m. and of the last three kinds Rs. 30—3/2—75 p.m. plus Rs. 16. War allowance p.m. in each case.

Apply sharp to:

D. G. PADHYE,
Secretary, Schools Committee.
The Schools Committee's Office,
Bombay (1). 26th Jan., 1920. 8149

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A YOUNG PARSEE SALESMAN, experienced in Sundry-Japan-Lines, Hardware, Glassware, and some other lines, wants an immediate engagement. Well influenced. Good business guaranteed. Please apply sharp to Box No. 962, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8135

WANTED—SURVEYORS for a period of from 6 to 10 months in connection with a census of tenants in Bombay. The salary will be Rs. 110 plus 25 c. a. per month (no other allowance).

Physical capacity for prolonged outdoor work, and good hand-writing are the essential qualifications required.

Each selected person will have to furnish a security of Rs. 100.

Applications should be addressed to SUPERINTENDENT IN CHARGE. Electoral Work (Reforms), Bombay City.
Reforms Office,
Science Institute Building,
Mayo Road, Fort. 8105

WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A suitable building in Fort at a prominent business centre. Only bona-fide legal holders of properties need send offers to RUPCHAND NAPUR, Post Box, 266, Bombay. 8040

WANTED—A FLAT, suitable for office on the Hornby Road, or Medows Street. Rent from Rs. 100 to 200. Apply with particulars to Box No. 916, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7921

WANTED—One STEAM ENGINE of 500 I. H. P. and one of 800 I. H. P. compound condensing of well-known makers, in good working order. Write to Box No 816, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7525

WANTED two FINANCING PARTNERS either sleeping or working for Rs. 25,000 each, in a well established concern of Cotton Ginning and Pressing factory in the best flourished centre. Profits thirty per cent. sure without any risk. Apply Box No. 964, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8144

WANTED AGENTS for Presidencies and Provinces in India and Burma and Ceylon, for the sale of TEXTILE MACHINERY, LANCASHIRE ENGINES and BOILERS, MILL STORES of all description, including lubricants, greases, leather beltings, engineering stores, machine tools, etc. All thoroughly reliable. Only well established and influential firms with good experience in this trade need immediately apply, stating Bank and Trade references and other particulars. Correspondence treated confidential. Apply Box No. 955, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8093

FOR SALE.

A WELL KNOWN power driven SOAP FACTORY TO BE SOLD as a going concern. Apply Box No. 960, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8133

A PLOT OF LAND of about 8 acres in Vile Parle—the new road passing by. Write Box No. 961, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8134

USE PARABAULDIN'S METAL POLISH Agents wanted. For rates and samples apply to PARABAULDIN & CO., Tribhuwan Road, Bombay, 4. 7820

ONE Brand New FORD TOURING MOTOR CAR for sale immediate delivery from Motor Car Company. Price Rs. 2,850, no offers. Apply Banshidhar Shisprasad, Kharakua Moti Bazar, Bombay. 8156

FOR SALE—In Poona Cantonment, pucca built seven houses in one group, each open on all sides. Apply to NANABHAI, C/o Chitnis Kanga, Solicitors, 40, Medows Street, Fort. 8018

AHATMA SHAHJOT SURMA an elixir for eye-complaints. Excellent certificates from judges and physicians for Consumption, Asthma, One trial. P. H. KATHAWALA, Anklesvar. 7910

THE "MONOGRAM" AMERICAN SHOE POLISH produces great and permanent brilliancy, and acts as a leather preservative. Can be had at all dealers. Insist on getting it. 6154

FOR QUICK SALE—Owner going home very shortly one Indian Combination 1915 model, 7-9 H.P. in perfect condition, complete with lamp, horn, etc., Rs. 1,100. No offer. Apply Room No. 18, WATSONS HOTEL. 8037

FOR SALE—One 10 tons ICE PLANT with compound condensing engine 150 lbs. pressure lancashire boiler and 24 tons cell ice tanks complete at present working. Price Rs. 55,000 nett. For further particulars write to Mr. KATPITIA, Zaveri Building, Churni Road, Bombay. 8137

EVERY kind of STATIONERY you use carries your personality with it. Good stationery creates goodwill so use the BEST STATIONERY. We stock the best but charge the least. THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay. W

ARTISTS, you should check profiteering by buying your supplies from a firm whose rates are fixed and quality guaranteed. Try us. THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay. W

FOX TYPEWRITERS: Standard and Portable Models. Let us demonstrate you these lightest touch typewriters in the world. Sole Agents THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co., Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—Just Unpacked. American Rebuilt Oliver.

No. 5 Back Spacer and Tab. Look and work like New. Rubber Cover only. Foolscap Rs. 160, Brief Rs. 170 and Policy	180
Metal Cover and Board Rs. 15 and Rs. 20 extra.	
National Portable No. 3 with Case, as new, ...	135
Adler, Visible, Special Signs, ...	140
L. C. Smith and Bros. No. 5, Fine ...	210
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 190, Brief ...	220
Remington 10, Policy, Rs. 240, 11 Brief	245
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new	
Corona Folding No. 3 with Case, New ...	199

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ANGLO-INDIAN & COLONIAL NAVIGATION LTD.

THE LIST OF APPLICATIONS FOR SHARES of the above Company will be closed to the public on the 31st instant.

ANGLO-INDIA & COLONIAL NAVIGATION Co., Ltd.,
15, Elphinstone Circle.
Bombay.
8154

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to our Customers, that we have closed our shops (Racing Shops) for good and that they should take away their payments due on bets on any day, between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. before the 31st of January, 1920, and should have their claims settled. No payments will be made after this date and no complaints considered.

B. B. WALVEKAR,
Proprietor of B. Walvekar & Co.
8136

IMPORTANT.

NOTICE FOR FACTORY & MILL OWNERS

WELL EXPERIENCED ENGINEERS proceeding to England and America, with big orders for Machinery. Intending buyers of Machinery for Textiles, Tanning, etc., should apply immediately, as they are leaving by S. S. "Loyalty" in the middle of February, to Box No. 963, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 8140

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for Babool Wood Logs Country, etc., will be received up to 1 p.m. (Bombay Time), on the 9th day of February, 1920.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
E. J. HALE,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office,
Byculla, 27th January, 1920. 8139

FOR SALE (Brand New)

ONE Caille Perfection Marine Engine 20 H.P., 4 cylinder, Magneto (Bosch, Ignition. Starting on petrol (2 Schebler carburators) running on kerosine (four vaporisers). Two stroke circulating pump. Silent water-cooled exhaust. Built in type reversing gear complete shaft propeller, stuffing box. Apply 22nd January, 1920.
JAL DINSHAW & Co., No. 6, Patni Building Princess Street. 8120

NOTICE.

THE INDIAN LION ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE—13, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE COMPANY will commence writing Fire Insurance business from TO-DAY. Applications are invited from influential parties for Agencies.

MANILAL MAGGANLAL & BROTHERS,
8096 Managing Agents.

NOTICE.

AMERICAN HOMOEOPATHIC SYSTEM cures most obstinate and so-called incurable diseases with wonderful effect in THE BOMBAY HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICAL HALL,
428-32, Girgaon Road, Thakurdwar.
Consulting Physician:—Dr. D. N. GUPTA, B.A., M.D. (Chicago).
Hours:—8 to 10-30 a.m., and 4-30 to 7 p.m.
8116

NOTICE.

BALARAM ANANDRAM & CO.

PUBLIC is hereby informed that they should take away their money due to their account with the firm within eight days from the date hereof. If anybody wish to have any further information in the matter he is at liberty to consult the undersigned in person. Also be it known to the public that the Company's records will be destroyed finally after the 31st January, 1920, after which no claims will be recognized by the Company.

Racing Consulting Club.
Upstairs, Hearsh Bakery.
Play Hopse, Falkland Road, Bombay.
Bombay, 23rd Jan., 1920. 8020.

LAND TO LEASE.

ABOUT 4000 square yards of Land on Tardeo Road is offered for 999 years' Lease. Most central situation. Suitable for Factory or Godown. Within easy reach of Mill area. offers invited.

For further particulars apply to Mr. D. J. SAMSON at Messrs. Joshi & Samson, Architects, Civil Engineers and Valuers, No. 303 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 8062

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

SHIPPERS, and others concerned, of cargo per Osaka Shosen Kaisha steamer "Buma Maru" are hereby informed that the steamer, which sailed hence on the 21st instant, for Japan via Singapore, was obliged to take refuge at Colombo on Sunday, the 25th instant at 8 p.m., on account of a fire having broken out in her No. 2 Held the same afternoon. Arrangements were immediately made to extinguish the fire, by our Colombo Agents, and the full details and extent of damages to cargo will be notified later.

M. UCHIYAMA, Manager,
Osaka, Shosen Kaisha.
27th January 1920. 8153

PUBLIC NOTICES.

A LIFE CHANCE.

WANTED decent energetic DISTRICT ORGANISERS at Agra, Bharatpur, Alwar, Jaipur, Ajmere, Beawar, Abu, Palanpur, Neemuch, Indore, Udaipur, Chittor, Jodhpur, Bikaner and adjacent, territory for the National Indian Life Insurance Co., Ltd., Managing Agents Messrs. Martin and Co., Calcutta. Remunerations according to qualifications—please apply with two references to.

BHAGWANDAS NIRMALDAS,
Superintendent of Agents.
c/o. Postmaster Jaipur Rajputana.
8143

THE AMBAJI TARANGA LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY, LTD.

WE are glad to inform the General Public that our line has been opened for passenger traffic from to-day. Those desirous of visiting the Taranga Shrine can alight down at Timba-Taranga on our Railway whence the Shrine is situated at a distance of nearly half mile. Our line is opened from Varetha to Samia, a distance of about 22 miles, from whence the pilgrimage has to travel a distance of nearly twelve miles to visit Shri Ambaji Mata Temple. A Motor Lorry Company is negotiating with us to carry passengers from Samia to Ambaji direct till the line is ready so that the pilgrimage shall save much trouble and annoyance by this arrangement.

BHALCHUNDRA C. NAGINDAS,
Agents.
Bombay, 8th November, 1919.
6102

GRAND AUCTION AT BHAVNAGAR.

5TH FEBRUARY, 1920 12-0 NOON.

OF unused surplus stocks of Cloth, Brocades, Silk, Hosiery, Lungees, Safas, etc., etc., worth several lakhs, on 5th February 1920, 12-0 noon, to be sold in one lot.

Inspection invited from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. any day.

For intending bidders from outside Kathiawad, accommodation will be provided on informin- the Controller, Private Deparement.

Lists can be had on applying to the Controller, Private Department, or Bhavnagar Agent, Cawasjee Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.

25 per cent. deposit in cash or Government Security will be required from the successful bidder; the balance within one month: any goods removed in the meantime to be paid for at a valuation to be fixed by the local authorities. Goods may be left in the warehouse for six months at owner's risk free of charge. 8089

BHAVNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of Consumable Stores for a period of six months, commencing from 1st April, 1920. Copies of Schedules can be obtained on application at the Storekeeper's Office, Bhavnagar Para, on payment of Re. 1.

Sealed Tenders (superscribed Tender for Consumable Stores) will be received at Bhavnagar Para by the Manager, Bhavnagar State Railway, up to 12 noon, on MONDAY, 16th February, 1920, and must be accompanied by an Earnest Fee of Rs. 100, to be returned in case the Tender is not accepted.

The accepted Tenderers will be required to make a Deposit of 10 per cent. of the estimated value of Stores to be supplied. The Deposit to be returned on the completion of the contract in a satisfactory manner, and to be subject to retention, in whole or in part, to cover any failure to correctly carry out the same.

The Manager reserves to himself the right to accept any Tender, in whole or in part, and he does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, the whole or in part.

All Stores should be exactly as per samples in Storekeeper's Office, which can be seen at that office at Bhavnagar Para.

K. R. VACHA,
Storekeeper,
Bhavnagar State Railway.
Bhavnagar Para,
Dated 24th January, 1920. 8162

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

(Incorporated in England.)

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF CLOTH BLUE DRILL OIL KEROSINE FOR LIHGTING, AND GAS-MAKING. OIL LUBRICATING, CLEANING AND LIGHTING, INCLUDING COCOANUT AND MINERAL OILS, LINSEED OILS DOUBLE BOULED AND RAW TURPENTINE AND WASTE COTTON.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by THE AGENT, at his office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.) on THURSDAY, the 26th February, 1920, for the supply of above oils, during the 12 months commencing from 1st April, 1920.

2. Tender forms of the above giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of oils required and the conditions on which Tenders will be received may be obtained on application at the Chief Stores Superintendent's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 5 for each Form. No refund of this amount will be made on account of unused Tender Forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to other items on the same tender and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted and to sign the agreement attached to the Tender.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above and a deposit of 10 per cent. of the value of articles tendered for subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000 either wholly in paper or wholly in cash, should accompany each Tender, without which no Tender will be considered. Only cash or currency notes on which no interest will be allowed (if currency notes are for Rs. 100 or upwards they must be of the Bombay Circle) or Government Promissory Notes or other securities provided the market value of the securities on the day of deposit equals to the amount required will be received as deposits and if the latter they must be endorsed "Pay Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order," no abbreviations being made. The Company is not responsible for any depreciation and in case of depreciation the Contractor may be called upon to put up a further deposit. Interest on Government Promissory Notes lodged with the Company will only be collected if it is payable in Bombay and at the special request of the depositors. Collections of interest are arranged for at the beginning of April and October each year.

5. The AGENT does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
Chief Stores Superintendent,
Chief Stores Superintendent's Office, Parel,

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE BUN JUMERRI ANTHRACITE COLLIERY, LD.

MESSRS. MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO., will sell by Public Auction in the Exchange Commercial Saleroom, No. 5, Mission Row, Calcutta, at 12 o clock noon on MONDAY, the 9th February, 1920, under instructions from The Trustees for the Debenture Holders of the above Company, THE COLLIERY, PROPERTY & EFFECTS of The Bun Jumerri Anthracite Coal, Ld., (as a going concern) situate at Salanpore E. I. Ry., Main Line, consisting of All Coal, mining Surface and other rights of and in the Leasehold lands and hereditaments comprising about 522 bighas or thereabouts situated in Mouza Jumerri Thana Sub-Registry Asansol, District Burdwan in Bengal and also all Buildings, Engines and Boiler Houses, Godowns, Warehouses and other appurtenant Buildings thereon and All and Singular the Furnaces, Forges, Foundries and Colliery Plant including Canals, Railways, Waggonways, Weighing Machines, Engines, Steam Engines, Utensils, Implements, Tools, Fixtures, Bricks, Rope, Timber, Goods and Chattels forming part of the working plant of the said Colliery.

The Property is sold subject to a mortgage referred to in the Conditions of Sale.

For full description of the properties and further Particulars and Conditions of Sale and for further information, the intending Purchasers can apply to the Auctioneers or to Messrs. Dutt & Sen, Solicitors, of No. 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta or Messrs. Shroff & Dinsha, Solicitors, 375, Hornby Road Bombay.

MACKENZIE, LYALL & Co.,
8147 Auctioneers, Calcutta.

NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Authorised	Capital	Rs. 20,00,00,000
Subscribed	Capital	Rs. 11,86,34,250
Paid up	Capital	Rs. 1,18,63,425

DIRECTORS.

Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., ...(Chairman).
Sir Sassoon David, Bart, ...(Vice Chairman).
The Hon. Sir Fasulbhoy Curimbhoy, Kt., C.B.E.
Sir Henry Procter, Kt., C.B.E.
Sir S. B. Bharucha, Kt.
The Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Rai Bahadur Jamnalal Bachhraj.
Ramnarain Hurnandrai, Esq.
R. D. Tata, Esq.
B. J. Padshah, Esq.
The Hon. Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna.
The Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakurdas, C.I.E.
A. J. Bilimoria, Esq.
F. E. Dinshaw, Esq.

ON AND AFTER 2nd February, the Company will be prepared to accept Fire and Marine risks at current rates of premium.

TEMPORARY OFFICE.
Waterloo Mansions, Mayo Road, Bombay.
CHIEF AGENTS.
Tata Sons, Ltd., Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road.
LONDON AGENTS.
Sedgwick Collins (Agencies) Limited 4, Moorgate Street, E. C. 3.

R. P. GANDHI,
Secretary.
8146

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Rahimbux Ahoombux has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person or persons having any claim or claims to the same or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage, lease lien or otherwise howsoever, should make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 40 Meadows Street, Fort, within fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Ali Omer Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 159 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 8147 New Survey No. 795 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 6081 and Street No. 184-188 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the said Ali Oomer Street on or towards the West by a Sweeper's passage on or towards the North by the property of Haji Biki Ladha Waji Jacoob and on or towards the South by the property of Lalaji Nathuji, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Vendors tenants.

Dated this 27th day of January 1920.
CHITNIS, MOTILAL & KANGA.
8155 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. Wasudev Balkrishnaji Gore has contracted to sell to our client the property hereunder described free of all incumbrances. All persons having claims against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lien, lease, charge, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in No. 121, Medows Street Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same (if any) will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure (now redeemed) together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Khetwadi 9th lane, outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 281.74 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 2181, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116 and 2179 New Nos. C/9222, 9261, 9258 Old Survey Nos. 806 807 and 809 and New Survey No. 4/5487 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "D" Ward No. 2000 (2) and Street No. 5 A and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East and South by the property of Shuffi Cumruddin Tyebji on or towards the West by the Khetwadi 9th lane on or towards the North formerly by the property of Hormasji Aderji Kanga and now of Esufally Amirji and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 27th day of January 1920.
MEHTA, DALPATRAM & LALJI,
1929 Purchaser's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Khatri MAHOMED HAJI YOOSAF of Bombay, Khatri Mahomedan Inhabitant, has contracted to sell to our clients, Bai MARIAMBAI, widow of the late Haji Ahmed Haji Mahomed, and Mr. OOSMAN HAJI MAHOMED, also of Bombay, Halai Memon Mahomedan Inhabitants, the land, hereditaments and premises more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim or demand to or upon the said property or any part or parts thereof, by way of inheritance, succession, gift, mortgage, charge, sale, use, trust, possession, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office situate at No. 89, Medows Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within (15) fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Quit and Ground Rent Tenure together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Gunbow Street, within the Fort in the City and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 103 6/9 square yards or thereabouts, be the same a little more or less and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under Old No. 361, New No. 5363, Old Survey No. 561 and New Survey No. 1/9288 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Bombay Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1797 (2) and Street Nos. 91-95 and 97, and which land, hereditaments and premises are bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Cooverji Sorabji Wadia, on or towards the West by the property of Khushaldas Hargovindas, on or towards the North by the said Gunbow Street and on or towards the South by a public passage, and which said land hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Khatri Mahomed Haji Yoosuf.

Dated this 26th day of January, 1920.
NANU HORMASJEE & Co.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
8121

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HABIB EBRAHIM has contracted for the absolute sale of the undermentioned property to our client, free from all incumbrances. Any person or persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof, by way of inheritance, maintenance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, easement, encumbrance, possession, trust, succession or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as null and void and waived, and the property will be transferred in the name of the purchaser in the records of the Bombay Municipality and Collector of Land Revenue.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling house or bungalow standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Lower Colaba, in Edulji Nowroji Street, without the Fort, in the Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 185 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Old Assessment No. 191 and Land Revenue under Old No. 398, New No. 6788, Old Survey No. 4, New Survey No. 9634 and Municipal A Ward No. 650, Street Nos. 70 and 72, and which said premises are bounded as follows, on or towards the North formerly by the property of Cutterio De Rosario and now of Rattonji Bomanji Dubash, on or towards the South by the property of Hormusji Darcowala, on the East by the property of Dewjee Ramjee and on or towards the West by public road called Edulji Nowrojee Road, and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of Ebrahim Gany.

Dated this 23rd day of January, 1920.
DASTUR & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
8066

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase from Naserwanji Nanabhoy Burjorji the property hereunder mentioned and which property the said Naserwanji Nanabhoy Burjorji has in turn contracted to purchase from Nawab Sayed Ali Hassan Khan Bahadur of Lucknow. All persons having any claim against the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, inheritance, charge, possession, maintenance, lien partition, share, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Old Agra Bank Buildings, 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchaser will be completed without regard to any such claim which shall then be considered to have been waived and regarded as null and avoid.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land situated on the Bombay Port Trust Modi Bay Estate in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 337 7-9 square yards with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon and bounded on or towards the North partly by land in the occupation of Narbheedas Ladhabhoy and partly by vacant land belonging to the Trustees of the Port of Bombay on or towards the South by Coompta Street on or towards the East by vacant land belonging to the said Trustees and on or towards the West by the property secondly hereafter described and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 8480 and the Municipality of Bombay under A Ward No. 2710 Street No. 32 and bearing Port Trust Rent Roll No. 364 in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land situated on the Bombay Port Trust Modi Bay Estate in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 288 6/9 square yards and bounded as follows:—i.e. on or towards the North partly by the land leased to Narotamdas Ranchordas and partly by the land leased to Parbhoodas Ladhabhai and another on or towards the South by Coompta Street on or towards the East by the property first above described and on or towards the West by vacant land belonging to the said Trustees which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 8480 and are situated in the Registration Sub District of Bombay and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under A Ward No. 2709 Street No. 28.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1920.
CAPTAIN & WAIDYA,
8152 Purchaser's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

LONG CAUSE.
Suit No. 2633 of 1919.

Dwarkadas Chhotalal and Co., a firm carrying on business as Piece Goods Merchants at Mulji Jetha Market outside the Fort of Bombay .....Plaintiffs.

vs.

1. Chunilal Narayenlal;
2. Nanjee Jetha and;
3. Manilal Ghelabhai;

All of Bombay Hindu Inhabtants carrying on business under the name and style of C. Nagardas Manilal and Co., as Piece Goods Merchants at Mulji Jetha Market outside the Fort of Bombay .....Defendants.

No. 1 Nanji Jetha, and Manilal Ghelabhai, the 2nd and 3rd Defendants abovenamed.

Sirs,

Take notice that the above suit has been filed praying Judgment against you for the sum of Rs. 6,694-12-6 with interest thereon at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from the 27th day of July 1919 and for costs and further interest on Judgment, and take Notice that the Court has by Chamber Order dated the 15th day of January 1920 authorised service on you of the writ of Summons issued herein by affixing a sealed duplicate copy and copy of the official Gujrathi translation thereof on some conspicuous place at the shop at Chowk in the Mulji Jetha Cloth Market outside the Fort where you formerly carried on business and on the Board set apart for the purpose in the High Court House and by publishing a notice containing the substance of the said writ of Summons herein twice in English in the "Bombay Chronicle" and twice in Gujrathi in the "Praja Mitra" and "Parsi."

And take Notice that you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 10th February 1920 at 11-30 o'clock (Standard Time) duly instructed by an Attorney of this Honourable Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiffs and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for hearing and final disposal of the suit you must produce all your Witnesses on that day and that you will bring with you (or send by your attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case and you are hereby required to take Notice that in default of your appearance on the day mentioned above, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this day of 1920.

MEHTA DALPATRAM & LALJI,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

8149

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. Jamseji Bomanji Wadia, Bai Dinbai wife of Jamsetji Bomanji Wadia and Mr. Bapooji Pestonji Wadia the present Trustees of an Indenture of Settlement dated the 25th of March 1886 of Bombay Parsis have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Mr. Mahomedally Mamuji. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the pension and tax tenure together with the messuages, tenements, or dwelling houses and range of buildings, standing thereon consisting of 9 compartments of the chawl known as Hormasji Wadia's Chawl situate at Churneywady without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,839 41/100 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue together with other land under Old No. 269-44, New No. 1867, Old Survey No. 36, and New Survey No. 1/8233 and bounded on the East partly by the Native General Dispensary and partly by the properties of Ismail Peerbhai Damji, Khan Bahadur Hormusji M. Bhiwandiwalla Cowasji Sorabji Pochi, Dr. Lisboa and the Trustees of the H. A. Wadia's Fire Temple respectively on the West by the property of the City Improvement Trust on the North by Churney Wady Lane and on the South by the property belonging to the Trustees of Hormasji Bomanji Wadia's Fire Temple and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 2063/84 and Street Nos. 2 and 3 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1920.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

8151

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of CASSAMALLI NENSI. Khairaj of Bombay Khoja, merchant deceased for the use and benefit of Ibrahim the minor son of the deceased and Limited to the period of his minority. ..... Deceased.

KHAIROOBAI, widow of Cassamalli Nensi Khairaj of Bombay Khoja residing at Club Road Byculla without the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this seventeenth day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty and in the Tenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.

The 17th day of Jan. 1920.

Messrs. PAYNE & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

8122

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. PETER LUIS has agreed to sell the undermentioned property to our clients—All persons having any claim to or upon the said property by way of mortgage, inheritance, lease, sale, gift lien or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Mercantile Bank Buildings No. 54, Esplanade Road Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived and the purchase will be completed without regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and tax tenure situate at Cadell Road, (Bhandarwada) in Mahim in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 10844.87 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 3 0 and 224, New Nos. 3884 and 4103 and New Survey No. 1/1553 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 4562 (1). 4563.4564. Street Nos. 922-923.924 and bounded on or towards the North by a public passage on or towards the East by the Cadell Road aforesaid on or towards the South formerly by the part of Byramji H. Patel and Burjorji D. Patel and now of Mr. Rawoot and on or towards the West by a water drain and beyond that by the sea-shore.

Dated this 22nd day of January, 1920.

PAYNE & Co.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

8039

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Noveroji Hormasji Randelia of Bombay has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our office No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that Piece or parcel of Pension Tax land together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Chandanwadi Street without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 176 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 560, New No. 2763, Old survey No. 69 and New Survey No. 8223 and bounded on the East by the property of Mr. Parshotam Devji, on the West by the property of Shapurji Rustomji Kerawalla, on the North by the property of Mr. Parshotam Devji on the South by the said Chandanwadi Street and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 3228 and Street Nos. 17-19-21 and are now in the occupation of the tenant of the vendor.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1920.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

8148

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of HARKHA DHANA of Bhavnagar Gujarati Mochi Inhabitant, a merchant, ... Deceased.

PACHA DHANA of Bhavnagar Gujarati Mochi Inhabitant one of the brothers of the deceased abovenamed residing at Kalbadevi Road outside the Fort of Bombay for the use and benefit of Kalidas Harkha a minor and limited to his minority. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this seventeenth day of Jan. in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and twenty and in the Tenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

Sd.) P. B. MALABARI
Registrar.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.

The 17th day of Jan. 1920.

(Sd.) Messrs. CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

8123

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the will of GANESH LAXMAN CHANDORKAR late of Kalyan Hindu Inhabitant, a Government Pensioner. ..... Deceased.

(1). KESHAV RAMCHANDRA TALWALKAR Esq. L.C.E. of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Chikhalwadi, outside the Fort of Bombay.

(2) GANESH VASUDEO MAVLANKAR, Esq. B.A. LL.B., of Ahmedabad Hindu Inhabitant a Pleader;

(3). SHRIDHAR GANESH CHANDORKAR of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Tardeo outside the Fort of Bombay a Student in the Wilson College ..... Petitioners

(All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this seventeenth day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and twenty and in the Tenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

R. B. PATEL.

The 17th day of Jan. 1920.

True Copy.

MANILAL & KHER.
Petitioners' Attorneys.

Messrs. MANILAL & KHER,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

8122

SALES BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE AND CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay).

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, consisting of Corrugated Sheets, Coal Godowns, situate at Parel Road, Cross Lane, near Byculla Goods Yard.

High Court Suit No. 2287 of 1919.

JULIKHUBAI, widow of Hajee Noor Mahomed Eyub ..... Plaintiff

vs.

AYESHABAI, widow of Ahmed Noor Mahomed, and others ..... Defendants.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Receiver appointed under the order made by the High Court, in the above suit dated the 9th day of October, 1919, and pursuant to the directions contained in the said order, sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 28th January, 1920, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises the undermentioned property:—

The parties in the above matter are entitled to a half share, and the other half share is owned by Mr. Hajee Tar Mahomed Jan Mahomed who also joins in the sale.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government Foras tenure land or ground containing by admeasurement 2,023 square yards or thereabouts together with all messuages or corrugated sheets coal godown standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Parel Passage Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue with other hereditaments and premises on the East, North thereof under Old No. 736-143 and New Nos. 1-12730, A13141 and New Survey Nos. 1A 2A, 3A-3609 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E Ward No. 17615, 7627 (3), (6) and (5) and Street Nos. 8, 1B, 1E, 1D, and bounded on or towards the East by the property of the said Girdhar Jadavji, on which he has built a chawl, on or towards the West by a public passage, on or towards the North partly by the property of Framji Edulji and partly by the property of Purshotam Nemchand (now that of Noor Mahomed Karim) and on or towards the South by the property of Lalji Morarji and Ladkibai, widow of Karsondas Morarji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Chitnis Motilal and Kanga, Attorneys for the Receiver at their Office, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Undersigned Auctioneers.

IMPORTANT TO JEWWELLERY AND PRIVATE BUYERS.

Sale of very valuable Jewellery and Gold and Silver Ornaments.

Messrs. Sorabjee Cowasjee and Co., will under instructions from Messrs. Raghavayya Nagindas and Co., attorneys for the Arbitrators in the matter of Arbitration between Daivagnya Mahadev and Dashrat Mahadev and pursuant to the Award dated 13th August, 1919 and filed in the High Court of Bombay, sell by Public Auction on Friday the 30th January, 1920 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Sale Rooms the following:—

8 Gold bangles; 1 Gold necklace, 2 Gold rings, 2 Gold chains, 1 Gold watch, 2 Silver waist belts, 2 Diamonds, pearls and emeralds necklace, 2 Pair diamond and emerald bracelts, 1 Diamond and emerald Nose ring, 5 Diamond and emerald Rose pattern Rings, 3 Diamond and ruby Marquise ring, Diamond and emerald Marquise rings, 2 Diamond and ruby Marquise rings, 5 Diamond Rose pattern rings, 2 Pearl necklaces, 12 Pearl bangles, 2 Pearl and Diamond bangles, 3 Pair Diamond Ear-Drops, 4 Pair Diamond and emerald Ear-rings, Diamond and pearl Rose pattern ring, 2 Diamond ear-drops, 6 Diamond rings, 2 Diamond and emerald ear-drops, 1 Diamond and ruby Wristlet, 1 Diamond and pearl Callar, and lot of buttons and fancy rings, and a lot of silver utensils.

Jewellery and Ornaments are on view.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Raghavayya Nagindas and Co., at theirs office No. 40, Medows Street, Fort or the undersigned auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 27th January, 1920.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

On Government & G. I. P. Railway Lists.
Auctioneers and Share Brokers.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE AND PARCELS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS, G. I. P. RY., Co.

Under the instructions from the G. I. P. Ry. Co., and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railway Act IX of 1890. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, sell by Public Auction, TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY the 28th, and THURSDAY the 29th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the above address the following unclaimed luggage and parcels, etc., consisting of bales of C. P. goods, brass flower pots, shoes, leather slippers, English and country medicines, 7 bags chironjee seeds, harmonium, stationery, haberdashery, motor tydes, cylinders, horse blankets, ghee, scented oils, combs, crocodile hides and heads, tanned, carved wood furniture, syrup, hosiery, parts of textile machinery (granades) soaps 2 packages bells (gongrees), suit cases, trunks, and boxes, old clothing, grain, Moradabad tumblers, glass bangles, leather straps, iron pipes, etc., etc.

P. S.—Cash will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 36 BALES STRIPED SUSI OF THE SIMPLEX MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the open ground opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully of the Mulji Jetha Market by order of Messrs. Damoder Haridas and Co., the selling Agents of the Simplex Mills and on account and at the risk of Seth Nandlal Devda.

36 bales striped susi of the Simplex Mills No. K 24 each piece twg. 3¼ lbs. 23 inches by 24 yards.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 27th January, 1920.

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

PROF. JAMES'
Electro-Tonic Pearls

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, falling memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclinations for work, study or business, general debility and all results of overwork and dissipation. In cases of premature old age and weariness after slight effort, these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL COMPANY.
Market, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 4089.

AUCTION SALE OF MEDICAL STORES.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed by the Officer Commanding No. 11. Base Depot, Medical Stores to sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, 28th January, 1920, at 10 a.m. (S. T.), near No. I Shed Alexandra Docks

A quantity of miscellaneous unserviceable Medical Stores, empty packing cases, etc., etc.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Co., and in accordance with the Provision of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the risk of the owners the following booked consignments as also a list of unclaimed bags of grain, etc., on WEDNESDAY, 4th February, 1920, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at Carnac Bridge Goods Shed.

14 bags forming part of 21 bags gum booked from Generalgunj to Carnac Bridge Inv. 539 R. R. No. 5693-14 of 5-4-19, consigned by Banvanlal H. to self receipt holder Messrs. Dharsi Nanji and Co.

20 casks white lead paint weighing about 144 maunds.

Bags of linseed, wheat gram, cotton seeds, rice, gram dall, poppyseed, bajree, tins of ghee, cotton sewings, thread, wool twist, piece goods, I. wagon firewood, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE OF JAPANESE PORCELAINWARE AND FANCY GOODS, CURIOUS, ETC., ETC.

Under instructions from H. C. B. Mitchell, Esq., Custodian of Enemy Property, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY the 29th January, 1920, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, the following enemy property belonging to certain officers, and crew of the Prize Vessel "Franz Ferdinand."

Japanese porcelainware, curios, fancy goods, cupboards, trays, cups and saucers, vases, figures, etc., etc.

MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 27th January, 1920.

15786

BENNET & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of Surplus Furniture belonging to the Estate of late Sir Ratan Tata, including some very Valuable French, English and Japanese Furniture, Curios, etc.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, To-morrow, THURSDAY, the 29th Jan., 1920, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Medows Street, Fort, next to Messrs. M. Fredoon and Co., on the premises lately occupied by Messrs. Dunnett and Co., the following very valuable surplus furniture, etc., belonging to the Estate of the late Sir Ratan Tata, consisting of French cushioned sofas, easy chairs, Perisian vases, English writing tables and chairs, Japanese Artistic furniture and curious and other works of art, pictures cabinets, glassware, crockery, carpet rugs, one large ice box, one rickshaw, etc., etc.

A large lot of French mosaic flooring, French marble pilasters and other building materials will be sold by Public Auction on the same day.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S.T.)

1 Second-hand glassfronted minoture office brougham.

1 second-hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.

1 grey horse, quiet in saddle.

1 11-9 H.P. 4 cylinder, 5 seater, Humber Motor Car, newly painted and overhauled with new tyres and tubes, with 4 lamps, in good working order.

The property of Revd. Dr. D. Mackichan

One square rubber tyred miniature landau recently overhauled and painted and a strong bay waler cob.

BENNETTT & Co.,

Bombay, 28th Jan. 1920.

Rs. 5
WILL BRING TWO BEAUTIFUL SETS
OF
32 BRASS TOYS
40 WOODEN TOYS
well polished and coloured
and COSSI SILK
High grade of Suiting piece, size 3½ yds × 54 in.
Complete for one Suit, Rs. 10 per piece.
Pure Silk Chadar, lining borders Rs. 12 per pair.
Pure Satin Silk Saries with fancy lace borders suitable for Ladies
Price Rs. 30 per Saree.
Order from
The Standard Silk Mfg. Co.,
BENARES CITY

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY
THE
Royal Yakuti.

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the virile power and rectifies a urinary disorders. In fact, it makes man man. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas, and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the French horn the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. Price per tin containing pills, Rupees ten only (13s. 4d.). Postage extra. Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot Kathiawar, India.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

Liverpool, Jan. 21st.

			Sales.
Total Days Sales at Liverpool			8,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.			...
" " Sales of East Indian			1 000
" " Imports			...
Mid. American Spot			28 66
Egyptian F.G.F.			67.00
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	Mar.		30.02
	May		34.02
	July		32 20
	May		30.02
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Oct.		30 62

Liverpool, Jan. 22nd

			Sales.
Total Days' Sales at Liverpool			7,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.			...
" " Sales of East Indian			200
" " Imports			...
Mid. American Spot			28.51
Egyptian F. G. F.			67 00
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	Mar.		35.67
	May		33.80
	July		31 80
New Orleans 12 a.m.	May		34.74
	Oct.		29.73

SPINNING TOOK AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 22nd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months	To-day's prices.
Jan.	24.23—22
Feb.	
Mar.	24.51—21
April	
May	23 28—18
June	
July	22.41—12
Aug.	21.73—20
Sept.	
Oct.	20.35—12
Nov.	20.02—10
Dec.	—

Prices 4 to 5 at 16-13 p.m. nearest actual value.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 21st.

Months	To-day's price
Jan.	26.44
Feb.	25.85
Mar.	24.52
April	24 12
May	23 56
June	23.05
July	22 53
Aug.	21.93
Sept.	21.27
Oct.	20 67
Nov.	20 12
Dec.	19.81

Tone of futures:—Quiet.
" " Spot:—Moderate biz.

Liverpool, Jan 22nd.

Months	To-day's price
Jan.	26.27—17
Feb.	25.66— 9
Mar.	24.76— 6
April	24.10— 6
May	23 67+ 1
June	23.07+ 2
July	22.36+ 2
Aug.	21.66+ 2
Sept.	21 2 — 2
Oct.	20.64— 2
Nov.	20.09+ 2
Dec.	19.76+ 2

Tone of Futures:—Steady.
" " Spot:—Easier moderate biz.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Jan. 21st

M.G.	Bengal Good		17.00
	Fully Good		17.25
	Fine		18.00
	No. 1 Oomra Good		20 10
	Fully Good		20 95
	Fine		21 10
	Broach Good		22 85
	Fully Good		23 35
	Fine		24 35

Liverpool, Jan. 22nd.

M.G.	Bengal Good		17.00
	Fully Good		17.75
	Fine		18.00
	No. 1 Oomra Good		20.10
	Fully Good		20 85
	Fine		21.10
	Broach Good		23.85
	Fully Good		24 10
	Fine		24.35

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 21st.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports			21 000
" Exports to Great Britain			21.000
" " to Continent			43,000
Futures at New York Mar.			28 75
" " May			23 71
" " July			21.76
Spot Cotton at New York			29.75
" " Ocean			29 75
Futures at New Orleans May:			24.58
" " Oct.			23.67
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)			10½
Demand Bills			3.69 75
Silver Commercial Bars			1324

MONEY MARKETS.

London, Jan. 21st.

Bankers' T.			69 1/2
Bar Silver Spot			79 5/8
" 3 months hence			78 5/8
Closing Tone of Silver:—Firmer on China advices.			
Discount, Bank of England Rate 6 per cent since 6th Nov. 1919.			
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/m.			5 9/16
" Indian Bank Bills 3 m/m			5 3/4
" Bills Trade Bills 3 months			6
" " 4 "			5 3/8
Interest day to day loans			3 1/4
" 7 days' market loans			4 3/8
Consols 2½ %			51½
Russe Paper 5% %			67½
Indian Stock 5% % Funding Loan			89
Government Securities 3%			52½
Rs. On London at Paris Francs			43 5h

SHARES.

National Bank India	£96
Chartered Bank	£4 7s
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	£128

WAR LOANS.

London, Jan 21st

Funding Loan 4 %	£75½
Victory Loan 4 %	£8 5
5 % Now	£91 13/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Jan 21st.

WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe—91 Ds Nominal	69
Australian Red—81 Ds	64
Berdianska—81 Ds Nominal	64

SEEDS.

Control on Edible Oils removed.

Linseed, Bombay per 416 Ds ex-Ship	£34
Linseed, Argentine, (La Plata) Feb-Mar Firm Quoted	£46½
Cottonseed Bombay (cake delivered per ton)	£23 5
Very firm Jan.-Feb Sellers Outlet	£50
Turks Rapeseed:—Jan.-Mar Sellers	£50

METALS.

Cashier Cost Selected Copper	£122
Standard Copper S.S.	£116½
Sapper Brazers	£147
Yellow Metal	12½
Spot Tin	£64

JAVA SUGAR:

Fine White Java No. 8 F. Calcutta Jan.-Feb.			37
Buyers			36
Do.	Do.	July Aug Sellers	36
Do.	Do.	July Aug Sellers	36/1
Do.	Do.	Aug.-Sep. Sellers	36
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Jan.-Feb.			

Buyers —
Do. Do. July Aug. Buyers —
Do. Do. July-Aug. Sellers
Do. Do. Aug.-Sep.
Tone:—Few sellers—No sellers.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Feb.-Mar. Sellers
Plantation Fine Latex Crepe Jan.
Tone:—Quieter.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Jan. 27.

The Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 557 for Fully Good Broach April-May, and declined to Rs. 553. Fluctuations followed between Rs. 554½ and Rs. 553, the latter being the quotation at 3 p.m. Shortly after the price improved to Rs. 555, but dropped to Rs. 550, and the bazaar closed at Rs. 558. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 650½ advanced to Rs. 551½, and closed as under.

Ready cotton has been quiet and the demand only moderate and at easier prices.

QUOTATIONS P M

Fully Good Broach	April-May		Rs.
Fully Good Bengal	March		557½
" "	May		557½
Fine Oomras	March		548½
" "	May		548½

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 27th.

	Bazar Telegraphic Transfer	Bank Delivery
Bank Telegraphic		Rs. a. p.
Bank Demand		2 3 2/6
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s		2 3 13/16
Fcs. Demand		2 4 1/2
American Dollar		64 5
Hongkong		229½
Shanghai		229
Japan		382
Singapore		114
		136½

Market Steady.

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

27TH JAN. 1920.

			Rs.
Fully Good M.G. Bengal		March	378
Fully Good S.G. Broach		May	380
Fine S.G. Oomras		April-May	451
Fine M.G. Oomras		March	440
		May	442

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Descriptions.	Super Sin.	Fine.	F.G.	Good.	Delivery
M.G. Bengals	410	400	385	365	Ready.
M.G. Sind Punjab	410	400	385	365	"
M. G. Oomras 17 3	470	460	445	"	"
M.G. Central P. No. 1	500	490	475	"	"
M.G. Central No. 2	490	480	465	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"

RECEIPTS.

The following are receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 72 hours ended 2 p.m. on 26th Jan. 1920:

Cotton	19,891 Bales.
Wheat	8,171 Qrrs.
Linseed	351 "
Rape seed	2 337 "
Shellac	15,258 "
Pimento	2 "
Groundnuts	16,440 "
Castorseed	957 "
Rice	27,511 "
Myrabolams	19,235 "
Cottonseed	27,975 "
Rapeseed	816 "
Seeds	2 214 "
Jowar	2,913 "
Millet	62 "
Bajree	456 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marvari Chamber of Commerce:

Bombay, Jan 27th 6-0 p.m.

Ready:	Bazar Telegraphic Transfer	Bank Delivery
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Wheat White Delhi 76-80	72 0 0	76 0 0
" Cawnpore 10-36	72 0 0	76 0 0
" Karachi Bengal	68 0 0	72 0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	67 0 0	70 0 0
" Cawnpore	67 0 0	70 0 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	70 0 0	74 0 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	67 12 0	70 0 0
" Thin	67 0 0	70 0 0
Cottonseed, White 35-15	122 0 0	126 0 0
" Gujar 72-28	124 0 0	128 0 0
" Gujar 60-50	117 0 0	121 0 0
" Black	107 0 0	111 0 0
Poppyseed, White	78 0 0	82 0 0
Groundnuts	100 0 0	104 0 0
Mowrawood	90 0 0	94 0 0
Barley	61 0 0	64 0 0
Castorseed	66 0 0	70 0 0
Forward.	Rs.	Rs.
Wheat April-May	73 0 0	77 0 0
Linseed May	73 0 0	77 0 0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, Jan. 27.

BULLION.

Bar Gold, Rs. 27/5.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London, 2/3 3/4.
D. D. on London, 2/3 13/16.
Credit 3 Mad/a, 2/4 1/2.
D. D. Buying London, 2/4 1/16.
D. D. on France, 475.
Credit 3 Mad/a, 530.
T. T. on Japan, 114.
60 D/st Japan, 105.
D. D. on Hongkong, 229.
D. D. on Shanghai, 382.
D. D. on Singapore, 102 1/2.
D. D. on New York, 239.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan, 88.
5½ per cent. War Loan due 1920-22, 99/12.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan, 61.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan, 91.
3½ per cent. Paper, 60.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated, 70.
4 per cent. Port Trust short dated, 96.
4 per cent. Municipal short dated, 90.
4 per cent. Municipal long dated, 68.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust long dated 68.
5 per cent. Municipal Taxes, 90.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary, 91½ to 92½.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay, 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal, 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras, 6 per cent.

SHARES.

The market was quiet owing to uncertainty of the situation of the strike.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Ahd Advance 2,275. By. Cotton 1,295. By. Dyeing 3,210. By. Uniteds 1,730. Century 1,000. Central India 3,960. Currumbhoy 1,490. Crescent 590. Colaba 3,030. David 1,85 Fazulbhoy 1,535. Finlay 1,166. Ind. Malwa 605. Kastoorchand 2,230. Kohinoor 2,295. New Great 845. New City 3,000. Pearls 1,105. Shapurji 420 xd. Swadeshi 3 850. Swan 1,270. Alcock 1,2.0. By. Burma 930. Bt. Burma Petro. 27 xr. By. Tramway 1,325. By. Steam 550. Bundi 68. Katni Ord 370. Katni Defd. 1,790 Shivrajpur 43. Tata Ord 215. Tata Defd. 1,055. Tata Hydro. 1,315. Tata Oil 620. Tata Bank 63 Scindia Steam 25

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Lord Beaconsfield.

—and so much depends upon the care of the child during its earliest years. Where breast milk cannot be given, then use Mellin's Food, which contains everything essential to healthy and vigorous development.

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Best for Cleansing and Beautifying the Hair.

7 DAYS FREE TRIAL

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OHMINI KING PERFUMES

Rs. 100

Will be rewarded if proved that the PERFUME is not lasting for 4 days.

Price Rs. 2, 0-12-0, 0-8-0.

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"American Deep Well Hand Force Pumps"

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A child can operate.

Complete estimates with pipes and fittings furnished on request. State depth of well and nature of requirements. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Readymoney Building,

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is THE tried specific for Ague. Intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price As. 12/-

KARNIK Depot BOMBAY 4.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS

Jan. 27.

S S Saikai Maru, Hayashi Marseilles Jan. 3.
S S Torilla, Brooks, Busreh, Jan. 20.
S S Chupra, King, Busreh, Jan. 19.
R I M. S Dufferin, Headlan, Southampton, Jan. 5.
Yacht Tread Ringrose, Plymouth, Dec. 14

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 27.

S S Clan Kenneth, Miller, Calicut.
S S Shushtar, Perry, Persian Gulf.

The following vessel obtained its port clearance yesterday:—

S S Aungban, Younger, Rangoon.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Malta, for London.
Steamer Torilla, for Persian Gulf.

S S Saikai Maru:—The N Y K steamer Saikai Maru, 1,709 tons, Captain R Rayashi, arrived in harbour yesterday from Marseilles, with ballast, which port she had left on 3rd inst.

S S Torilla:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Torilla, 3,189 tons, Captain G. E Brooks, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with troops, which port she had left on 20th inst.

S S Chupra:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Chupra, 39162 tons, Captain C E King, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with a general cargo, 4 cabin and 12 deck passengers, which port she had left on 19th inst.

R I M S. Dufferin:—The R I M S Dufferin, 6315 tons, Commander E J. Headlan, arrived in harbour yesterday from Southampton, with troops, which port she had left on 5th inst.

Yacht Triad:—The Yacht Triad, Captain C H Ringrose, arrived in harbour yesterday from Plymouth, with ballast, which port she had left on 14th ultimo.

S S Aungban:—The S W. Coy's steamer Aungban, 3005 tons, Captain J Younger, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Rangoon, with a general cargo

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Tuesday 27th January, 1920.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A	Coloberia	N F	N F	..W M & Co
C K	Ismaria	Rangoon	28-1 20	..M M & Co
B	Dotch	Genoa		..M Italiana
D E	Ischia ..	Genoa	N F	..M Italiana
F	Furnea	N F	N F	..M M & Co
G	Bashayan	N F	J. Macklntosh	& Co
Q	Barnora	Karachi	28-1-20	..M M & Co
G	Vergimere	Mauritious	N F	D. Khandwani & Co
K	Ferrara .	Ahadan	N F	..S W & Co
M	Kalyan	N F	18-1-20	..M M & Co
N	Pentakota	N F	N F	..M M & Co
N	Cooyamma	Busra	31-1-20	..M M & Co
Q	Bamora			..M M & Co
P	Chakdara	Busra	N F	..M M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Sabarmati ..	N F	N F	..K N & Co
Bahaduri	Karachi	27 1-20	..K N & Co
uba	Bhavnagar	28-1-20	..K N & Co
Sabarmati			

MERREWEATHER DRY DOCK.

1	Inverness	Dunkirk	N F	..T M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

4	Tees budge	Hull	1-2-20	W & A Graham & Co
3	V/D Gennu Maru	Kobe	30-1-20	..O S K
6	Trekiene	New York	30-1-20	..J Finlay & Co
7	City of Chester	Rangoon	30-1-20	..K N & Co
8	Ganges Maru	Kobe	31-1-20	..O S Kaisha
9	Hwah Wu	Kobe	N F	..O S Kaisha
10	Circassia	Liverpool	31-1-20	..W & A G & Co
11	Zeddah.	N F	N F	..T M & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

5	Quernuba	N F		..M M & Co
6	Lanka / Saraswati	N F		..B E Cotton
11	Hungaria	Trieat	S	Lloyd Triestino
17	Huntsend		W N	..Graham & Co
B P	station		A T	Vasna M M & Co
1	Karadeniz	N F	N F	..Ok. R I M
2	Merwada	London	7-2-20	..M M & Co
3	Prague	U. Kingdom	28-2-20	..T M & Co
4	Kaisapara	N F	29-1-20	..M M & Co
6	Lanka	N F	N F	..B E Collis & Co
6	C/Oa cutta	Liverpool	27-1-20	..K N & Co
	Saraswati	N F	N F	..B E Collis & Co
8	City of York	N F	31-1-20	..J F & Co
10	Okara..	Busra	24-1-20	..M M & Co
11	Kirsia	Liverpool	28-1-20	..Graham & Co
11	Silvania	Antwerp	3-2-20	..B M & Co
12	Kumari Hemi	N F	N F	..B E Collis & Co
12	Parvati	N F	N F	..B E Collis & Co
13	Violet ..	N F	N F	..Do
13	Giovanni	Port Serrato	27-1-20	..King King & Co
15	Banca..	N F	N F	..M M & Co
16	Trogan	Prince	N F	28-1-20	..T M & Co
17	Campa ..	N F	N F	..M M & Co
18	Cashmere	N F	N F	..W & A G & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Oraro ..	N F	N F	..B Dawood Kaj
Kuwait ..	N F	N F	..T M & Co
Angban	Rangoon	28-1-20	Shand Wallance & Co

EXPORTS.

Jan. 27.

S S Circassia for Liverpool:—100 bales cotton, M. & S Stern, 58 bales wool, J A Begbie & Co., 192 bales wool, Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, 200 cwts kajoonuts, Vaman Vishnu, 29 bales wool, V. Oomersel; 300 bales cotton, Esmail Dossa and Co.; 400 bales cotton, K H Kayani & Co.; 8 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 50 bales wool, Haji S Janmohomed; 25 bales wool, B. Abdul & Co; 20 bales wool, A A Peerbhoy.

S S Circassia for Marseilles:—1 case Indian silk, Gutman & Co.; 6000 cwts gingelly seed, 1999 cwts groundnuts L. & F. Barraclough & Co.

S S Marwada for London:—250 cwts gumblibanum, Moosabhoy Jafferbhoy; 796 bales cow hides, 4 bales sheep skin, Hajee Noormohamed & Haji Essa; 15 bales sheep skin, Manji Ladack, 70 cwts. Chutney, Framji Nowroji, a

S S Nirwana for Hull:—75 cwts myrabolam, Forbes, Forbes Campbell & Co.

S S Inverness for Dunkirk:—220 bales cotton E Swinner & Co.

S S Nirwana for Antwerp:—200 bales cotton, K M Nathoo; 500 bales cotton fly, H E Bode & Sons.

S S Nidwana for Ghent via Antwerp:—110 cwts cotton, Patel Bros.

S S Nirwana for Hamburg:—7117 bales cotton, K M Nathoo.

S S Nirwana for Hamburg via Antwerp:—110 bales cotton, K H Kayani & Co.

IMPORT.

Jan. 27.

S S Merwada from London Agents M M & Co.

3338 cks. cement, 37 bales writing paper, 875 bales old new paper, 28 cases bacon, 27 cases blacking, 24 cases soap, 201 bdls. copper sheets, 2 cases enamel, 41 cks, 1 case ware, 6 cases distemper, 55 cases medicines, 5 cases tinseed provision, 2 cases java powder, 5 keg. acid citric, 2 cases lamps, 8 cases drapery, 100 cases wincarnis wine, 2 cases tooth powder, 20 kegs sugar of lead, 297 pigs lead, 32 bales, 29 cases paper, 822 cases biscuits, 7 cks. glass bottles, 4 cases cotton shirts, 18 cases chocolate, 8 cases cotton, 5 cases sanatorin, 4 cases tablets, 18 cases nervigar, 20 cases drums liquor aumonia, 15 cases milk, 5 cases glycerine, 12 cases chalk, 87 cases salt, 3 cases perfumed spirit, 33 cases flav essences, 30 cases spirit, 2 cases essence ginger beer, 55 bags screws, 20 bags, 2 cks bolts, 102 sauce, 5 cases lime juice cordial, 4 d/s, 80 cases, 1313 kegs paints, 300 kegs white lead, 10 kegs red lead, 2 cases oil, 2 pkg. crew of tarlar.

L. B. Holliday & Co., Ltd.,

Huddersfield, ENGLAND.

Basic Colours

Acridine Yellow R, 2R
Auramine O Conc., O II
Basic Black G Conc., R Conc.
Basic Green B Conc., G Conc.
Bismarck Brown R, R Conc.
Chrysoidine R Powder, R Conc. Powde
Chrysoidine Y Powder, Y Conc. Powder
Indoine Blue.
Jute Black R Conc., G Conc.
Magenta Powder
Malachite
Methylene Green Powder
Marine Blue H
Methylene Blue BB Conc., BB Ex. Conc., BBN, R Conc., R Extra Conc., RN, ZF Powder, ZF Conc., Crystals
Methylene Green B Paste
Methylene Violet 2B Conc., 2R Conc.
Methyl Violet 6B Extra, 2B Extra, B Extra, 2B Extra, 4R Extra, 5R Extra.
New Phosphine R
Phenylene Brown FD, FD Conc
Russian Red
Safranine BFF
Safranine BS, BS.Conc., BFF, BFF Conc., G. G Con
Tannin Helictrope

Sulphide Colours

Thionone Black Paste.
Thionone Black PL Conc., PR Conc., RN., 6R.
Thionone Brilliant Blue G. R.
Thionone Brown, R., Conc., 2R Conc.
Thionone Corinth Conc., G Conc.
Thionone Dark Brown M
Thionone Deep Black P Conc.
Thionone Drab R. G.
Thionone Green R, 2G, 5G
Thionone Indigo R, B
Thionone Isabellina
Thionone Khaki G
Thionone Navy Blue B Conc., 2R Con
Thionone Printing Black New
Thionon Yellow G, R

Mordant Colours

Alizarine Red SF Paste
Anthracene Blue BP Paste, 2B Paste 2B Powder, 2BB Powder.
Anthraquinone Violet B Powder
Brilliant Chrome Violet 4B Paste.
Diadem Chrome Black S, GN Extra, HN Extra, H Extra, BX, F.
Diadem Chrome Blue Black HB Extra
Diadem Chrome Green B
Diadem Chrome Red BB
Gambine G Extra Paste
Monochrome Brown H Paste, G Paste HN Paste, GN Paste
Monochrome Grey WM
Monochrome Orange R Paste
Monochrome Yellow GF Paste GFN Paste
Print Orange R Paste
Print Yellow G Paste

Acid Colours

Acid Black.
Acid Magenta N
Acid Prune V
Acid Scarlet 4R
Ad Yelow G
Acoid Cardinal B
Brilliant Bordeaux B
Carmoisine S
Fast Red A, A New
Naphthol Blue Black 6B
Naphthol Yellow S
Naphthylamine Black H, 2B, 4B
Orange II, IV
Ponceau 2R, 2B Conc., 4R 4R, Conc. G G Conc.
Tartrazine Supra N, RN, S
Wool Scarlet 5B

Direct Colours

Benzo Purpurine 4B, 6B
Congo Red
Diazamine Fast Yellow H
Paramine Black B Extra
Paramine Direct Black BH
Paramine Direct Blue 2B
Paramine Direct Brown G, 2G
Paramine Direct Brown M
Paramine Direct Green B, G
Paramine Direct Orange R, G
Paramine Direct Violet N
Paramine Direct Yellow Y, R, 2R, 2G,
Paramine Fast Bordeaux B
Paraphenine Yellow G

Vat Colours

Hydranthrene Brilliant Copper D
Hydranthrene Brown B Paste
Hydranthrene Brown BG Paste
Hydranthrene Dark Blue Paste
Hydranthrene Green Paste
Hydranthrene Olive R
Hydranthrene Violet Paste

Union Colours

Union Black
Union Orange Brown B
Union Orange Brown R, G
Union Orange R
Union Rose BG

Oil Colours

Brilliant Oil Black in lumps.
Brilliant Oil Crimson in lumps
Brilliant Oil Green in lumps
Brilliant Oil Green B in lumps
Brilliant Oil Orange R in lumps
Brilliant Oil Orange Y in lumps
Brilliant Oil Red in lumps
Brilliant Oil Violet in lumps
Brilliant Oil Yellow in lumps
Sudan I, II, III

Spirit Colours

Spirit Black
Spirit Blue
Spirit Green
Spirit Orange
Spirit Red
Spirit Violet
Spirit Yellow

Leather Colours

Basic Dark Brown F
Basic Tan O
Chrome Leather Black B
Chrome Leather Black G
Chrome Leather Brown D
Chrome Leather Brown G
Chrome Leather Tan 2G
Dark Acid Brown 1R
Light Acid Brown L

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TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 27th January 1920.

Names of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fhan.	29.938 inches
Temperature of Air	75.4 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	67.9 "
Dew Point	64.2 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.683 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy =10)	0.0 "
Max'mum temperature of Air	83.3 "
Minimum do. do.	68.3 "
Prevailing Direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	N.NNE.NW.NNW.NNE.
Movement of Wind	158 Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean time	Depth on 24th	LOW WATER Day of month.	Bombay Mean time	Depth on 24th
	Jan.	h. m.	ft. in.	Jan.	h. m.	ft. in.
Mon.	26	m 2 3	26 9	26	m 7 44	17 6
		2 32a	26 2		7 24a	17 4
Tues	27	m 3 39	26 3	27	m 8 21	17 6
		3 25a	27 7		8 14a	18 4
Wed.	28	m 4 22	25 9	28	m 9 6	17 6
		4 34a	26 10		9 2a	19 6
Thu.	29	m 0 1	25 4	29	m 10	19 6
		m 5 22	25 6		10 54	20 6
Fri.	30	m 7 18a	25 11	30	0 27a	17 9
Sat.	31	m 6 44	25 5	31	m 1 34	21 3
Sun.	Feb. 1	m 8 45a	27 4	Feb. 1	m 1 43a	16 3
		m 8 14	25 6q		m 2 48	20 5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Jan 28 (Friday)	Sunrise.	7h. 15m	Sunset.	6h. 26m.
" 26 (Monday)	"	7h. 15m	"	6h. 28m.
" 27 (Tuesday)	"	7h. 15m	"	6h. 29m.
" 8 (Wednesday)	"	7h. 15m	"	6h. 29m.
" 29 (Thursday)	"	7h. 17m	"	6h. 30m.
" 24 (Saturday)	"	7h. 14m	"	6h. 31m.
" 25 (Sunday)	"	7h. 14m	"	6h. 31m.

Phases of the Moon:—

Full Moon	6d.	5h.	24-9m. a.m
Last Quarter	13d.	5h.	28-6m a.m
New Moon	21d.	10h.	56-9m a.m
First Quarter	29d.	9h.	8-0m p.m

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HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

THEFT OF PROPERTY BELONGING TO RAILWAY

HUGE FRAUD AND SWINDLE OF MATERIAL,

APPEAL AGAINST ACQUITTAL.

Bhikabhai Sankerbhai and four others
v.
The King-Emperor.

(Before the Chief Justice and Justice Heaton

In this case five persons were charged with committing thefts of property belonging B. B. and C. I. Railway and abetting in the disposal of stolen property. Out of those five accused, Mr. M. S. Jayker, the Sub-Divisional Magistrate at Ankleshwar, acquitted the last three viz. Gajanan Balaji, Dinsha Dorabji and Gomeshilal Gangadas. The remaining two accused Bhikabhai and Dayabhai were sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for six months and to pay a fine of Rs. 500 each; in default of payment of fine to suffer further rigorous imprisonment for six months more.

Against the above order of acquittal the Government of Bombay made an appeal to the High Court and with regard to the accused who were sentenced by the Magistrate an application for enhancements of their sentences was made by the Government of Bombay.

The facts are briefly these:—

A large swindle of material belonging to the B. B. and C. I. Railway was going on at Baroda for some time about the months of last February to May. The material consisted of scrap iron. It appeared that some construction work was going on in connection with the railway lines and some of the lines etc had been dismantled, the railway pots underlying such lines had necessarily been removed and were lying in charge of one department or other viz. the construction department and the open line department and while it was so lying it seems that this huge fraud was committed. Waggon loads upon waggon loads were removed of this material and despatched to other places chiefly Ahmedabad and there sold to various merchants and otherwise disposed of. So that practically a very huge fraud and swindle of the material consisting of the dismantled railway pots was going on for some time about the detection of this particular incident which formed only but a small part of whole thing. It seems that iron material of the nature of the articles that were so removed at that time was fetching owing to the demand for iron due to war, very good prices, so that the opportunity that consisted in the dismantling and other work that had been done at Baroda which made large supplies of iron available, and the time of high prices were both favourable to the perpetrators of this huge fraud. The transaction that led up to this case was but a small part of the whole affair that was being carried on. On the 2nd June last one Barnes who was a Permanent Way Inspector at Baroda, came out of his house, near the railway line, to attend to his usual duties. He had on that day to get a ballast train unloaded. He was opposite to a cabin when he saw a shunting engine come with ten or twelve waggons. Some of these waggons were open and some were covered trucks. All of them were loaded. They had come from the Goods shed and were martialled to the yard called the new yard from where they were to be despatched to their destination. In one of these waggons he saw through the crevices—the sides of the waggon being somewhat broken—broken scrap material—in fact some pieces of iron were also projecting out. He thought that some material had come for being loaded and thus give him additional work and consequently he went to examine the waggon in question. But on inspection the waggon, he found that it had a despatch label for despatch from Baroda to Ahmedabad. Barnes knew the railway working and also knew that railway material of the nature that he saw in the said waggon should either go to Mahalaxmi or to Ajmere according to the usual practice prevalent in respect of such material and naturally when he saw that instead of going to either of the two places, the material was going to Ahmedabad his suspicions were aroused. He thereupon took out one of the despatch labels from the said waggon and made certain enquiries of the Executive Engineer about the despatch being authorized by him. As it transpired the despatch was not authorised. The Stationmaster at Baroda was ordered to stop the despatch of the waggon in question, and was told to detain it until the matter was enquired into. The enquiry was started and it was ascertained, that the gangmen had loaded the material in an open truck at the instance of one Chunilal known otherwise as 'rail mistri' but that they did not know how the material had gone from the open to the closed waggon. Chunilal was called in the office and at first it would appear he did not give the whole thing out but afterwards he related the matter and the case was put in hands of the police. The present prosecution related to the seven waggons only. The consignment notes and receipts in respect of the material despatched were made except in the case of the first waggon in the name of one Fields. The consignor and the consignee in respect of the waggons was this Fields. This person is a 'nonest' and is merely a fictitious invention and the preparation of the receipts and notes in that name is alleged to form part of the fraud that the accused were alleged to have committed

FIRST ACCUSED'S STATEMENT.

The first accused Bhikabhai stated that the scrap iron that was loaded in the first waggon in connection with this case had been purchased by him from a merchant in Baroda. He could show the transaction in this respect from his account books. The second accused Dayabhai Jiwabhai stated that he had not committed the offence. He worked as agent to Pirojsha. He did not know if any railway material had been stolen or not. The third accused Gajunan Balaji stated that he did not remember whether any waggons were loaded in his presence with scrap iron as alleged. He had no connection of any nature in respect of those transaction with Chunilal. The fourth accused Dinsha Dorabji stated that he was not at all guilty. He had only done his duty at the Goods shed and if any man asked for a waggon from him it was his duty to give it. The fifth accused Ganeshilal Gangadas stated that he had not committed the offence. The material of his department had all been forwarded to Mahalaxmi.

The Magistrate was of opinion that accused Gajunan, Dinsha and Ganeshilal were not guilty of the offence. There were practically two statements of Chunilal that had been recorded. Strictly speaking an inculpatory statement had been made by Chunilal at very early stage of the case and yet no satisfactory explanation as to the delay in getting his confession recorded was given. As a matter of fact if no confession was considered necessary on the 13th June or soon after, it was difficult to understand why it was considered necessary on the 1st August. This was liable to be construed in two ways viz. that Chunilal was to be treated as a witness in case he would be sticking to the case as put forward by the prosecution or secondly that if he turned round his confession being there, to hold him responsible on that. The case against Chunilal was withdrawn and then he was examined as a witness in the case. Viewing in the light of the ruling laid down in Imperator v. Sabitkhan and studying the evidence of Chunilal in that light, he was afraid that there was hardly any circumstance that could be said to point out to the connection of the accused 3 to 5 with the crime. At least there seemed to be hardly any sufficient and credible evidence independently of Chunilal to act upon. With regard to accused Dinsha beyond practically Chunilal there was no evidence to connect him with the crime beyond Chunilal's word. With regard to Ganeshilal beyond the word of Chunilal there is nothing whatsoever to connect him with the crime, but on the other hand the absence of his name in the letter was a very significant circumstance in his favour.

THE JUDGMENT.

Their Lordships observed that the judgment of the Magistrate was a lengthy and careful one, but the Magistrate had missed the most salient feature in the case viz. the evidence of the accomlice Chunilal. According to their Lordships' views it was Chunilal who gave the real clue in the case. It might be that he was not telling the whole truth, but that was no reason why his testimony should not be accepted as true on material particulars. Their Lordships therefore disagreeing with the view taken by the Magistrate that the accomplice was wholly unworthy of credit, accepted the version given by that accomplice along with the other evidence in the case, so far as the material portion in the case was concerned and convicted the accused who were acquitted by the Magistrate. All those three accused Nos. 3, 4 and 5 were sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment. As regards the first two accused whom the Magistrate had convicted and fined their Lordships enhanced their sentences to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Dhirajlal K. Thakore with Mr. Pilgawker appeared for accused No 1.

Mr. Weldon with Mr. G. N. Thakore for accused No. 2, Diwan Bahadur G. S. Rao for accused No. 3.

Mr. Rustam D. N. Wadia with Mr. G. N. Thakore and Mr. R. T. Thakore for accused No. 4.

Mr. Balaji G. Rao for accused No 5.

Mr. Campbell with the Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

(For other High Court News see page 7.)

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Mr. J. K. Mehta's lecture on "Our social Ideals" under the auspices of the Sydenham College Union 6 p.m. (S. T.).

Shivajayanti Day Celebration at the Dadar English school, 9 p.m. (S. T.)

Monthly meeting of Anthropological Society, Town Hall, 6-15 p.m.

THURSDAY, Jan. 28.

Bombay Scottish Orphanage Society Prize Distribution, Mahim, 5-30 p.m., H. H. the Governor presiding.

SUNDAY, Feb. 1.

The 31st annual social gathering of the Grant College Hindu Social Union at Kaghi Bag (C. P. Tank), 1-30 p.m.

TUESDAY, Feb. 3.

Ball at Government House 9-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

CHANDAVARKAR.—On January 26th, at Pedder Road, Bombay, Lady Laxmibai, wife of Sir Narayan Chandavarkar.

LATE LADY CHANDAVARKAR

All the schools of the Depressed Classes' Mission Society of Bombay were closed yesterday out of respect to the memory of the late Lady Chandavarkar.

The Students' Literary and Scientific Society's Girls' Schools were closed on yesterday in memory of the death of Lady Chandavarkar.

ADDRESS TO DR. GOODIER.

The Catholic Association of the Bombay Presidency will present an address to His Grace the Most Reverend Dr. Alban Goodier, D.D., to-morrow after the enthronement ceremony at the Cathedral Bhuleshwar.

FIRE DEMONSTRATION AT BOMBAY.

Mr. H. W. Page, Demonstrator of Messrs. Kyl-Fyre Ltd. will give a practical demonstration of "Kyl-Fyre" Dry Powder Fire Extinguishers at 3-30 p.m. at the Headquarters of the Bombay Fire Brigade, Byculla. The demonstrator will show the marvellous effect the "Kyl-Fyre" Fire Extinguisher has in putting out fires.

HOME RULE VOLUNTEER CORPS.

A procession has been arranged by the local Khilafat Committee in honour of Messrs. Shaukat Ali and Mahomad Ali, who arrive in Bombay to-morrow by the Punjab Mail. All volunteers of the above Corps are, therefore, requested to be ready in uniform for the procession and they should refer to local papers for particulars as to the time and place where they are to be present.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA LAWN TENNIS COMPETITION.

A men's doubles competition will be held to-morrow (Thursday) at 5 p.m. at Queen's Road Courts and the competing teams will be:

L. S. Deane and E. Annett (Bombay Gym.) vs. R. Kidd and R. Wagle (Willingdon Club); M. Fox and A. E. Kibblewhite (Bombay Gym.) vs. A. Chilton and [illegible]himtoola (Willingdon Club); [illegible] and P. Sudley (Bombay Gym.) vs. Mr. [illegible] and Dr. Dina (Willingdon Club).

AN EJECTMENT SUIT.

With reference to the report of the suit for ejectment filed by Mr. Valabhdas Jamnadas against Rao Bahadur Soonderdas Narrondas appearing in our issue of the 23rd instant, we are asked to state that it is not correct that the plaintiff demanded heavy rent from the defendant which the latter refused to pay and that the plaintiff therefore brought this ejectment suit on the excuse that the stable was required for his own use and that it is also incorrect that the plaintiff admitted that he had got another place where he could accommodate himself.

PRICE OF GRASS.

A Bombay Government Press Note states: In modification of Press Note Nos. 89 and 389 D.C.S. dated 6th and 20th January, 1920, the Governor-in-Council is pleased to fix the maximum price of Rs. 22 per 1000 lbs for the best quality of Phool, Mooshi, and Ber grass ex. Mahaluxmi Yard and at Bandra (Salsette).

Any person found selling grass at a price in excess of that fixed above will be punishable under No. 11 J of the Defence of India Rules, 1915, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 1,000 or to three times the price received by him, for the commodity as sold whichever is most.

The s.s. Loyalty which left Marseilles on the 15th instant is expected to arrive in Bombay at day break on Saturday the 31st instant.

NERVE FOOD

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FOOD TONIC

VERO

Is highly recommended :—

Convalescence, Anemia, General Debility, Breakdown, over work, Neurasthenia and Dyspepsia. It is a delightful food and beverage for healthy individuals, growing Children Nursing Mothers, aged people and brain workers.

Unlike TEA and COFFEE, VEROCACA is not a stimulant but a nutrient. It exercises a powerful and healthy stimulant effect and gives a highly valuable nourishment.

It gives a sense of invigoration without undesirable reaction such as flushed face, nervousness, flatulence or depressed heart.

If your druggist or stores cannot supply please write to—

Sole Agents—

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96,t Churchgate Street, BOMBAY.

Samples and particulars on application.

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

OLD OFFENDERS CONVICTED.

(Before the Hon. Mr Justice Crump.)

The first Criminal Sessions was continued to-day. The trial of Laxminarayan Sunderlal Sarma, a Hindu aged 30, who was charged with kidnapping a young boy aged 12 with intent to satisfy his unnatural lust was finished to-day. The jury returned unanimous verdict of guilty against his lordship sentenced him to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment.

Abdul Gafur, an old offender was charged with theft and pleaded guilty. The accused admitted ten previous convictions. His Lordship remarked that under the circumstances the Court was thinking of passing a sentence of transportation, he would however, give the accused another chance and His Lordship then sentenced him to three years rigorous imprisonment.

The trial of Mohidin Astalab, an old offender was then proceeded with. He was charged with having on the 19th of December last committed theft of a ten rupee Government Currency note belonging to one Jacob De Souza. On the race-course. The complainant Jacob De Souza was on a race-day in a crowd near the tote buying a ticket. At this time the accused removed the note from his pocket. He was arrested immediately and handed over to the police.

Mr M P. Amin appeared for the Crown.

The accused admitted previous convictions and was sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment.

USING FORGED DOCUMENTS.

A TALLY-CLERK IN TROUBLE.

King-Emperor.

v/s.

Dattatraya Vinayak ..... Accused.

The accused in this case was charged under sections 467-471 I. P. C. with having dishonestly used as genuine a forged document namely a cheque on the Central Bank of India, dated purporting to be drawn by Nawrojee Ardeshir Darukhanawala in favour of one Bapuji Balajee.

Mr. K. S. Pundit appeared for the Crown.

In stating the case for the Crown, Mr. Pundit said that the complainant Nowrojee Ardeshir Darukhanawala, was the owner of the Pioneer Saw Mills and contractor to the Indian Munition Board. The accused was a tally clerk working at Mr. Darukhanawala and used to sit very close to the table of Mr. Darukhanawala and was in a position to know that Mr. Darukhanawala had an account with the Central Bank of India at Bombay. The accused joined the Munition Board in March 1918 and resigned on the 1st October, the same year. On the 29th of October the accused went to the Central Bank and presented a cheque for Rs. 4,500 drawn by Mr. Darukhanawalla in favour of Bapu Balaji. This cheque was cashed and Rs. 4,500 received by him. On the following day Darukhanawala drew a cheque for Rs. 1,500 and sent it to the Central Bank to be cashed. It was dishonoured and sent back. The complainant was surprised and went to the bank to make inquiries personally. He was shown the cheque for Rs. 4,500. He denied having drawn it at all. Complaint was made to the Commissioner of Police. On the 1st December the accused went to the Central Bank and applied for a blank cheque form to be filled. The clerk recognised him as the man who had cashed the cheque and asked him to sign the application. The accused thereupon went to a table and then disappeared. On the 8th of April 1919 one Gajanan Keshav went to the bank with the accused, who waited outside and sent him inside to get a blank cheque form in the name of Mr. Darukhanawala. The clerk again became suspicions and informed the C. I. D. who took Gajanan Keshav into custody and handed him over to the police. The accused was arrested on the 20th September 1919. It appeared that after receiving Rs. 4,500 the accused went to the Post Office Savings Bank at Girgaum and opened two accounts, one in his own name and one in his minor brother's, for Rs. 750. The accused also went to Baroda and lived luxuriously and purchased gold ornaments from the proceeds of the cheque.

The case is proceeding.

BAI AMRITBAI WIDOW AND OTHERS,

vs.

VALLABHDAS KALLIANJI AND OTHERS.

(Before Mr. Justice Crump.)

The three plaintiffs in this suit were three of the executors of the will of one Kashibai, the deceased wife of plaintiff No. 3. They filed this suit as such executors to recover a sum of Rs. 2,201 paid under protest by the estate of Kashibai, as also Rs. 10,000 for damages. The plaintiff's case was that in a suit in the Small Causes Court, Bombay, the defendant obtained against the third plaintiff in the suit a decree for Rs. 2,201 and that in execution of that decree, the defendant wrongfully caused to be attached certain articles belonging to the estate of the deceased Kashibai. In order to remove the attachment, the plaintiffs as executors were compelled to pay the decretal amount which they said they were entitled to recover. They further claimed Rs. 10,000 damages being the costs of those proceedings and also a further sum of Rs. 9,900 as damages.

The defendant admitted the attachment, but denied that the property belonged to the estate of Kashibai. He further pleaded that the alleged damages were not recoverable.

Mr. D. F. Mulla with Mr. J. B. Kanga appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. Campbell appeared for the defendants.

His Lordship in the course of his judgment remarked that the burden of proof lay upon the plaintiffs and the special circumstances of the case were such as to make it necessary for them to adduce clear and reliable evidence of Kashibai's ownership; for it was impossible to doubt that the plaintiff No. 3 was seeking to use that ownership as a protection against his creditors. His case was that the property was in part inherited by Kashibai and himself from his father-in-law, Devidas Mulji, and was in part acquired by K[illegible]bai herself from her own funds. By the will of Devidas the household articles and furniture of the testator were left to Kashibai and her husband jointly. But it was suggested for the plaintiffs that the husband had surrendered all his interest under Devidas' will to Kashibai by a release. The terms of Kashibai's own will showed an intention to protect her husband from creditors and his own evidence manifested a similar intention. At the time of her death Kashibai was living with her husband in a house in Dadysett Agiari Lane, where the property was seized. The premises were leased and the rent was paid in her name; and an attempt had been made to represent that she or her estate continued to be tenant even after her death. But that attempt in the Court's view had completely failed as plaintiff No. 3 was compelled to admit that he himself paid the rent. It was immaterial that he paid it as he stated out of the allowance which he drew under Kashibai's will. He frankly admitted that he was in embarrassed circumstances and that his wife desired to protect him from creditors and that he himself was devoting himself to the same purpose. A board was fixed to one of the rooms bearing the inscription, Bai Kashibai's room. It was not unreasonable to suspect that it was put up 'in terrorem.' Kashibai was, of course, entirely at liberty to protect her estate, but the position was such that in considering whether in fact the property did belong to her estate or not substantial proof was required. His Lordship then discussed the evidence. One of the witnesses for the plaintiffs said that he knew Devidas' furniture ten years ago, that he had not seen it again until the day he gave his evidence. He said that he recognised three or four chairs as they were old and made of bentwood, Bombay, his Lordship remarked, was full of old bentwood chairs and none could safely identify such furniture after a lapse of ten years. His Lordship was unable to accept the evidence for the plaintiffs as adequate to prove that the articles attached, did in fact belong to the estate of the deceased Kashibai.

The suit was accordingly dismissed with costs.

LANDLORD VS. TENANTS,

EJECTMENT SUITS DISMISSED.

Messrs Heptoolabhai Salebhai and Co. had filed three suits in the Small Causes Court against Mr. Abdul Hussain Hassanally and others for ejecting them from their house at Narayan Dhru Cross Lane, near Abdul Rehman Street, occupied by them as their tenants for residential purposes.

Mr. R. K. Dadachanji, pleader, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. R. B. Paymaster represented the defendants in all the suits.

The plaintiffs, who are ship-chandlers, alleged that the Municipality had given them notice to vacate the premises at Tamarind Lane in which they have their godown and offices, as the whole line had been acquired for widening the streets. The plaintiffs had advertised for renting or purchasing another suitable property for themselves, but they could not get suitable offers. Hence they required for their own use the second floor of their own house near Abdul Rehman Street where the defendants are living.

The defence was that the requisition was neither 'bona-fide' nor reasonable; that the plaintiffs wanted to eject these particular tenants since they had got the exorbitant rents charged by the plaintiffs reduced by the court; that the premises the tenants occupied had a very narrow staircase leading thereto, and were quite unfit for storing the heavy articles in which the plaintiffs dealt; that the Municipality had given similar notices for years past to the owners of houses in Churchgate Street and the adjoining Streets for widening them and that that was a mere pretext for removing the present defendants because the refused to pay extortionate rents.

His Honour the third judge Mr. A. A. Chitre, after personaly inspecting the premises in the occupation of the defendants and recording evidence, gave the following judgment, dismissing the suits:—

THE JUDGMENT.

I hold that premises in suit are not 'bona-fide' and reasonably required by the plaintiff for his own use. The plaintiff had advertized for a godown with 4 to 5 thousand square feet area. The defendant-tenants are small residential tenants on the second floor (with narrow staircase) unfit for storing goods. Besides the plaintiff has on the 1st floor two big halls now ostensibly used for cane-basket business, but this work could easily be carried on in one of the halls and the other utilized for storing light electric goods. On personal inspection of the premises, I found only light basket-making work going on, in these 2 halls and ample square area could easily be saved out of these 2 halls for the plaintiff's purposes in storing light materials removed from Tamarind Lane godown. The defendants filed suit for refund of excess rent and obtained relief through the Court, which seems to have been the real motive of these suits.

THE SAVARKAR BROTHERS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to a note on this subject in a recent issue of "The Chronicle" by Mr. N. D Savarkar, strongly pleading the necessity of the release of the Savarkar Brothers in the light of the amnesty granted by His Majesty the King-Emperor. This Royal Proclamation ranks high in the estimation of the Indian public and is comparable only to the Magna Charta of India issued in 1858. The Royal Proclamation ought to be kept inviolate by the represenative of the Crown in India, who is expected to carry on in this country the amplest measure of British justice and fairplay and to vindicate the highest ideals of British statesmanship and administration. This being so, it is only in the fitness of things that H. E. Lord Chelmsford who is a collaborator with Mr. Montagu in thoroughly overhauling the present system of the Government of India in relation to the Indian subjects, should have used his statesmanlike vision to liberate all political prisoners after the issue of the Royal Proclamation and that any partiality should be shown to even a few of the political prisoners who are shut out of the Royal clemency is a state of affairs on which the Indian public cannot look with favour. And on the part of the Indian public a grave measure of responsibility lies and the Indian public should carry on unsustained and unparelleled agitation from one end of India to the other strongly advocating in an unequivocal tone the release of political prisoners all and sundry, whose offence is after all based on political considerations. This aspect of the question should be seriously taken up by Indian politicians, public men and journalists and till the release of the Savarkar Brothers men of their kind is effected, we have no hesitation in saying that the Royal Proclamation has not been given effect to in such a full measure as it should have been given, and until this is done those who are responsible for the governance of this country have not done well their duty towards this country.—Yours etc.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

MILL-STORES.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Jan. 27.

There is no improvement in the quotations of almost all important sundries. So long as the strike does not end, a revival of fresh activity is not within near approach. Healds are largely fluctuating, and the rates for best 15/40s. Egyptian Yarn. Heals are nearly Rs. 1-13-0 per 800 eyes. Other lots are offered at Rs. 1-10-0. Among wooden sundies, Wilson shuttles, bobbins etc., are in good demand, but are not freely available, since, the local agents book direct indents for mills. Japanes slubbings 12/16" are quoted at nearly Rs. 55/60 per gross. Warpers 5 x 4" are quoted at between Rs. 55 & 70, according to the quality. A few consignments of Hairy Picking Bands have recently arrived from England. The quotations being 6 shillings per lb. There is nothing worth mentioning about other commodities.

CHEMICALS.

The quotations are as follows:—

Sodium Sulphide (Eng.), Rs. 18; Znic Chloride (Eng.), Rs. 20; Znic Chloride (Ame.), Rs. 12/17; Bleaching Powder, Rs. 60/80; Bichromate of Potash, Rs. 90/100; Bichromate of Soda, Rs. 55/60; Brown Sugar of Lead, Rs. 55/60; Farnisk, Rs. 19/20; Washing Soda, Rs. 6; Glanber Salt, Rs. 5; Turkey Red Oil, Rs. 30.

An enterprising band of about 30 Parsi youths is shortly proceeding to Bahrot Hills near Sanjan, forthe purpose of exploring the monumental and archaeological remains of historial interest in the hills connected with the advent of the first Parsi settlers at Sanjan.

SPORTING NEWS.

BARRACKPORE RACES.

SPRING MEETING: FIRST DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26.

The Barrackpore Spring Meeting opened to-day under happy auspices. The stand which did service for so many years, has been pulled down and in its place more commodious stand is being erected. There were many other improvements, but the removal of trees made the public suffer from the scorching rays of the sun. The card consisted of only six events. In the first Tigris Plate only four started. Mungar who was the hot favourite at half money, romped home and so did Bachelor's Prospect, each of which and Small Change in the last race made every post a winning post. In the Alipore Plate twelve started, four of which being in three to one mark and one of these Last Spot under Dobie's pilotage won easily. The same rider won again on His Nibs. His feet was amulated by Harrison who also won twice on Bachelor's Prospect and Vain.

Details:—

THE TIGRIS PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Coningham's MUNGAR, 9-6, Walker 1
Mr. Dutt's EMMIE, 9-8, Hayhee 2
Mr. Hannay's MARCHIONESS, 9-13, White 3
Mr. Mack's SANDBAG, 9-8, Marland 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 16; Places Rs. 11 and Rs. 11.

Betting:—2 to 1 on Mungar, 3 to 2 Emmie, tens the others.

The race:—After little trouble the horses were despatched level, Mungar at once went to the front and was followed by Emmie, Marchioness and Sandbag. Mungar ran wide at turn, but came again to win by 1½ lengths, 5 lengths between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 22 1/5 secs.

THE CLIVE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Dee's BACHELOR'S PROSPECT, 9-8, Harrison 1
Messrs. Donetil and Page's CYLARITY, 7-9, Meades 2
Mr. Pigott's PIER, 7-7 Walker 3
Major Edward's QUALITY, 7-7, Fenton ... 4

Also ran:—Florrie M 7-7, Gay Lad 7-7.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 12; Places Rs. 13 and Rs. 30.

Betting:—3 to 1 on Bachelor's Prospect, fours Pier, fifteens the others.

The race:—Florrie M. was left when Bachelor's Prospect streaked out in front with Cylarity second and Pier third, and they finished in that order, 2 lengths and 5 lengths respectively dividing them.

Time:—1 min. 44 secs.

THE ALIPORE PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr. Jone's LAST SPOT, 8-7, Dobi 1
Mr. Snelgrove's AQUACSOLIS, 8-13, Marland 2
Mr. Sookea's PARTNERSHIP, 8-4, Clark 3
Mr. Mullick's MAHONEY BOY, 7-9, Meekings 4

Also ran:—Daizy Ryan 9-0, Aughnacloy 9-0, Lloyds 8-12, Sans Marci 8-12, Devon 8-7, Peirrot 8-0, Ruedisea 7-7, Chatterbox 7-7.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 31; Places Rs. 17, Rs. 20 and Rs. 41.

Betting:—Threes Aughnacloy, Aquacsolis, Devon and Last Spot, sixes Daisy Ryan, Lloyds, Ruedisea, longer prices the others.

The race:—Last Spot was always in the van and although she was hotly challenged by Aquacsolis and Partnership near home, she stalled them off and won by ¾ length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 37 4/5 secs.

THE STEWARD'S CUP. Division I.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Mr. Jone's HIS NIBS, 8-8, Dobi 1
Mr. Coningham's TIEPIN, 8-8, Walker ... 2
Mr. Abington's DEHRA DOON, 8-5, Harrison 3
Mr. Bartleet's MAREADO, 9-2, Young ... 4

Also ran:—Miss Slasher 8-4, P.M. 8-3, Andreas 7-10.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 26; Places Rs. 17 and Rs. 42.

Betting:—Evens His Nibs, threes Mareado, 7 to 2 Dehra Doon, longer prices the others.

The race:—Mareado led from Andreas, Tiepin and Dehra Doon, His Nibs lying well back. Turning into straight Dehra Doon hit the front, but he was soon in difficulties and His Nibs came off to win by a length, 1½ lengths off Tiepin.

Time:—2 mins. 13 secs.

THE STEWARD'S CUP. Division II.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Mr. Donetil's VAIN JANE, 8-6, Harrison 1
Mr. Roy Chaudhuri's ANDOVERSFORD, 7-7, White 2
Col. Smith and Mr. Lander's DEHAVILANB, 8-3, Marland 3
Mr. Roy Chaudhuri's SHWE DINE, 7-12, Meekings 4

Also ran:—Girton Miss 8-12, King Metton 8-7, Henriette 8-2, China Egg 7-9 (cd. 7-10).

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 29; Places Rs. 13, Rs. 32 and Rs. 16.

Betting:—Twos Vain Jane, threes Dehaviland, fours Girton Miss and King Melton, fives China Egg, longer prices the others.

The race:—Girton Miss took long lead from Andoversford, Dehaviland and Vain Jane. Girton Miss went back to her field two furlongs from home and Vain Jane putting on spur won by 2 lengths, 1½ lengths between second and third.

Time:—2 mins. 15 secs.

THE SEALDAH PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr. Bartleet's SMALL CHANGE, 11-6, Mr. Fenwick 1
Lieut.-Col. Wilson's DEVIL'S BRIDGE, 12-3, Mr. Sayers 2
Mr. Gilford's FOXTOR, 12-0, Owner 3
Mr. Ever's CRACKSMAN, 11-12, Owner ... 4

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 32; Places Rs. 15 and Rs. 16.

Betting:—Evens Devil's Bridge, twos Small Change, threes Cracksman, twenties Foxtor.

The race:—Small Change led throughout the journed and won easily by 2 lengths, 10 lengths between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 7 secs.

Cracksman broke the blood vessel and was profusely bleeding when Mr. Evers stopped him dismounted and walked the horse away.

LAWN TENNIS IN BENGAL.

CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 27.

At fifth day's play in the Bengal Championship Lawn Tennis to-day in contrast to dull weather preventing on Friday and Saturday last, there was bright sunshine and attendance improved in consequence.

The following were the results of matches played:—

Ladies Singles Semi-Finals:—Mrs. Berthoud beat Mrs. Keays (4—6, 6—0, 6—3).

Holder of title met Mrs. Keays to-day and there was a large crowd to see them play. Mrs. Keays opened well but Mrs. Berthoud's superior service and placing pulled the game in her favour.

Mens Singles:—J. R. Hemsby beat J. R. Hodgson, (6—0, 6—3).

Z. Shimidzu beat O. S. Alexander (6—2, 6—0).

Mixed Doubles:—A. J. Stowe and Mrs. Martin beat S. Daniel and Miss Bailey (6—3, 9—7).

Carrool and Miss Cobbold beat A. L. Hosie and Mrs. Walker (3—6, 6—2, 6—3).

Mens Doubles:—S. M. Gregory and E. Gregory beat J. R. Hemsley and "a player" (6—1, 6—0).

J. H. Hoehle and A. L. Hosie beat O. S. Alexander and P. W. Newson (6—1, 6—4).

Z. Shimidzu and S. Okomato beat C. Carvey Morgan and P. B. Hudson (6—0 6—2).

Kooke and K. Megala beat C. A. Carr and R. Drury Davis (6—3, 6—4).

BOXING IN POONA.

ALL-INDIA INTER-REGIMENTAL CHAMPIONSHIP.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Jan. 27.

Boxing was resumed in Poona after its war lull, with the opening last night of the All-India Inter-regimental Championship Tournament which was held in the Central Gymnasium. There are over 300 entries for tournament which is likely to run for over a week. Lieut.-General Sir William Marshall, commanding Southern Army was present on the opening night with Major-Generals Brown and Tighe, Capt. Hallsopp acted as referee, Lieutenants N. Kerr and W. F. Smith as judges, Mr. Dufrocce as time keper, and R. S. M. Rubens as M.C.

In feather weights which opened the evening's proceedings, the Pte. Parke 1st Borders met the Pte. Shelton 13th Hussars. The latter who did most of the attacking received the verdict.

Rifleman, Gresham, 3rd rifles, knocked out rifleman Quinn, 4th Rifle Brigades in third rounds.

Driver Tanner, 18th Brigade R.F.A., then met Rifleman Ginicoll, 4th Kings Royal Rifles whom he beat on points.

Pte. Evans 1st Welsh Fusiliers knocked out Pte. Bennett and 2nd Warwicks in first round and Rifleman Mead 4th Rifle Brigade lost to Corporal Brett of Lancashire Fusiliers after putting up a very plucky fight.

Pte. Griffiths 2nd S. W. Norderers met Pte. Carl 1st Border Regiment. Carl won on points. There was only one contest in middle weights. Sergt. Nash 1st Border Regiment, (11—6) beating Rifleman Little (11—5) 3rd Kings Rifles, on points.

Pte. Stanley 2nd Fusiliers knocked out Shellswarth, 2nd Warwicks before first round had been many seconds in progress.

Pte. Nuthall, 2nd Lancashire Fusiliers beat Pte. Hicks, 1st Welsh Fusiliers on points.

Pte. Reley 1st Welsh Fusiliers won on points from Pte. Bagger, 2nd Royal Warwicks after full time contest.

Pte. Jones, 1st Welsh Fusiliers, then knocked out Corporal Butterworth, 3rd King's Rifles, in first round.

In the last fight of the evening Lce-Corporal Marshall, 4th Rifle Brigade, after twice bringing Pte. Seddon, 1st Welsh to boards, had him counted out before the first round ended.

REFORMS AND ROYAL PROCLAMATION.

RESOLUTION IN U. P. COUNCIL.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Jan. 27.

His Honour the Lieutenant Governor presided at a meeting of the United Provinces Legislative Council, to-day. There was nearly full attendance of members, as also several visitors including some ladies. The following members took the oath of allegiance to the Crown:—Messrs. L. C. Porter, S. R. Daniels and H. M. Leake.

Interpellations being over, a number bills were discussed and referred to select committees after which Mr. C. Y. Chintamani moved the following resolutions:

(a) "That this Council requests His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to convey to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor an expression of its loyal homage and of its grateful thanks for the gracious Royal Proclamation of the 23rd December, 1919, which Indians will cheerish as the charter of their liberties in the British Commonwealth;

(b) "That this Council requests His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to convey to His Majesty's principal Secretary of State for India and the other members of his Government and to the Parliament of the United Kingdom its grateful thanks for the Government of India Act of 1919, which places India on the sure road to a system of complete responsible Government and to assure them that the Act will be worked in a spirit of loyal co-operation with a single eye to the well-being and advancement of all classes of His Majesty's subjects."

Mr. Chintamani, in moving the resolution, traced the history of British rule shewing that its aim was always in the direction of Self-Government. He expressed his confidence that the new conditions would be marked by genuine co-operation.

FRONTIER SITUATION.

(Associated Press.)

TOCHI, Jan. 26.

The Kazha Madda Khel Maliks brought in a further instalment of their fine on the 22nd instant and the Mahsuds on the 23rd instant. Enemy parties in the Ingar Tangi, west of Ahnai Tangi, were successfully shelled by our guns from the camp. Heavy snow fell on the night of the 23rd instant and operations were postponed on the 24th instant, owing to bad weather. On the 25th a piquet position was successfully occupied on the left bank of the tank Zam. The enemy attacked our covering troops, but without success. Our casualties were about ten. According to the latest confirmed reports there are 1,000 Mahsuds in Barari and three hundred in Sarwek, north and west of Ahnai respectively.

LEASED TERRITORY OF KIAUCHAU.

TO BE RESTORED TO CHINA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 27.

The "Englishman" in a special report to-day refers to an important speech delivered by Viscount Uchida, Japanese Foreign Minister to both Houses of Parliament, on the 22nd instant. The minister laid the strongest emphasis on the fact that Japan intended to carry out every term of the Peace Treaty. The leased territory of Kiauchau is to be restored to China and the Shantung Railway is to be worked jointly by the two powers concerned. He pointed out that the calmness with which Japan faced the anti-Japanese movement and the patience with which she waited for China to reflect would be certain to have commended itself to the general approbation of the world. With regard to the fact that both the north and south republics of China are in financial difficulties and are looking to Japan for loans the Viscount made it clear that Japan did not propose to lend money to either of them till she was certain that they would not make use of it to make war upon each other. Referring to the settlement in Siberia, Viscount Uchida said, the ruin and overthrow of the Koltchak Government and the decision of Great Britain and France to render it no further and, had thrown upon Japan the whole burden of struggle with Bolshevik menace in the Far east. Till quite recently Japan had relied upon the assistance of the United States in the matter but at the very moment when Washington was being asked for more troops, the American General in Vladivostock was explaining to General Oki, Japanese Commander, that he had imperative orders to withdraw with his troops and in guarding such portions of the Trans-Siberian Railway as are not in Bolshevik hands. The Foreign Minister made a great point of the determination of Japan to further international co-operation and the principles of right and justice in dealing with other nations.

NICKEL RUPEE.

A RUMOUR CONTRADICTED.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Jan. 28.

The Government of India have received information of the circulation of rumours to the effect that it is Government's intention to coin and issue a nickel rupee. Such rumours are entirely without foundation. The Government of India have no intention either of issuing any rupee other than the present silver rupee, or of making any change on its weight or fineness.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Jan. 27.

Rain has fallen locally on the north Madras coast and at few stations in south Hyderabad, Mysore and Upper Burma. The chief amounts:—Masulipatam three-quarters of an inch, Chikaldrug a half, Raichur, Bhamo a quarter. Conditions are again slightly unsettled from Persia to North-West Frontier.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain in North Madras coast.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

During the last fortnight nine decoities are reported from different districts of Bengal, Rajshai reported two, Midnapore two, Burdwan one, Chittagong two, and Twenty-four pergunnas two.

* * * *

Bai Ratanbai Edalji Bamji, the well-known philanthropic Parsi lady has set apart a sum of Rs. 1,00,000 for the erection and maintenance of a Sanatorium at Navsari, the opening ceremony of which will be performed on the 14th proximo by Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Bart.

* * * *

Mr. Kapildram H. Vakil has subscribed Rs. 30,000 to the Surat Hindoo Orphanage in memory of his father the late Mr. Hardevram Nanabhai Haridas who was the founder of this Institution. It may be recalled that this Institution originated in a church collection of £20 in Belper (England) which was sent to India for the relief of Orphans during the severe famine of 1900.

* * * *

An Associated Press message, dated Colombo Jan. 26, states:—

The Japanese steamer Burma Maru on voyage from Bombay to Japan with a large cargo of cotton, took fire yesterday, when about a hundred miles from Colombo and was compelled to put into this port. The Fire Brigade worked all day, but as the fire is found to be spreading the vessel will be dry-docked and flooded this evening.

* * * *

It is understood the Committee appointed by the Bengal Government to select a suitable site for the reformed Legislative Council have finished their labours. They have fixed upon a plot of land bounded on the east by Government, land, on the south by Eden Gardens, on the north by the Town Hall and the Imperial Secretariat buildings and on the west by a tram line the high-court terminus. The Government's decision is now awaited.

Official and Personal.

Her Excellency Lady Lloyd returned to Poona on Tuesday morning.

The death is announced of Lady Chandavarkar.

His Excellency the Governor of Madras left the Viceregal Lodge on Sunday and his Highness the Maharaja of Kapurthala accompanied by Khan Bahadur N. Abdul Hamid Khan, Diwan, arrived at Delhi on Monday and is staying at the Viceregal Lodge as a guest of their Excellencies.

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GODREJ'S SAFES

Large Safes supplied to Messrs. Ewart Latham and Co., after their experience of other safes in the recent fire in their premises.

Safes supplied for Savings Bank India and Burma, after a severe competitive test by fire held in Calcutta the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, in July 1912.

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By appointment to H. E. the Governor.

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TABLEAUX OF INDIAN PICTURES
IN AID OF THE
Punjab Relief Fund.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
SIR DINSHAW M. PETIT BART.

A SERIES of Tableaux of INDIAN PICTURES by Parsi ladies and gentleman in aid of the Punjab Relief Fund will be given at the EXCELSIOR THEATRE on FRIDAY, 6th February, at 5-30 p.m.

Orchestra Stalls and Dress Circle Rs. 5.

Tickets may be had of Mr. A. P. Sabawalla, Barrister-at-Law, Joshi House, Cumballa Hill. Telephone No. 4407. As there has already been a great demand for them, applications for tickets should be made without delay.

Other tickets at Rs. 3 will be available at the Booking Office of the Theatre on the day of the performance.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SHANTARAM.—We regret we cannot publish your letter.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, January 28, 1920.

INDIAN CURRENCY SYSTEM.

A study of finance appeals to very few people, though its importance to business, material progress and to good government, is generally acknowledged. The common apathy towards finance in India, has been due, in the main to the fact that the bureaucracy has been in the habit of doing things in the domain of finance in its own way irrespective of the opinions of the people and to the prevalent feeling that not even the most weighty, reasoned and authoritative view on the other side, would have a chance of being able to move the officials from the line they had fixed for themselves. The conditions in which people will, however, now study and work, will be more encouraging and they will have opportunities of making their influence felt and of putting their knowledge to practical use in the reformed legislatures that we are going to have. We shall now require a larger number of people equipped with a thorough knowledge of finance and of the peculiar features of the financial and currency machinery of India so that they may be in a position to make an effective contribution to the work of legislation and of the advancement of the country. In view of this situation, in particular, we welcome the latest addition to th scanty literature on the subject of Indian finance, curency and banking, made by Mr. J. Findlay Shirras, Director of Statistics with the Government of India. ("Indian Finance and Banking" by G. Findlay Shirras, Macmillan and Company). The student of Indian finance has had to be content so far with the reports of the Herschell and Fowler Committees and of the Chamberlain Commission, the annual reports on the operations of the Currency Department and the financial statements and such books as these written by Messrs. Howard, Keynes, Kemmerer and others. There was not one book devoted to a detailed description of the Indian systems of currency and banking giving a historical review of the development of these systems from earl times and furnishing an insight into their bearing upon the general economic conditions and possibilities of the country. Mr. Shirras has succeeded in producing a volume which meets this want effectively. He has admirable qualifications to write such a book. That he has not allowed himself to be overwhelmed by more official routine and by dull, dry statistics to an extent that makes it impossible for an official to see the wood for the trees, is proved by the illuminating and instructive trade review that he has given us for the last few years and by the several informing publications which have been issued by his Department. He has taken ample advantage and made full use of official documents in tracing the growth of Indian currency and banking through its different stages and has given a clear exposition of the objects and the effects of the changes introduced from time to time. Indian currency has become an exceptionally complicated mechanism on account of its operations having to be carried out over a vast country, without a central bank and with a division of management between the Government of India here and the India Office in London. The seasonal trade of the country, the remittance of "Home Charges" which the Government of India are under an obligation to make annually to the Secretary of State, the need to finance the export of the staple crops grown in the different provinces in different seasons, the lack of properly developed banking in the country, and the ignorance and backwardness of people in material development, are factors which accentuate the complexity of the currency and banking problems of India. Mr. Shirras has not had the advantage of knowing the recommendations of the Currency Committee but the reader can test them in the light of the author's discussion of alternative schemes of currency reform. The closing chapter envisages the future of Indian banking and makes interesting reading in view of the banking developments which confront the country immediately. Mr. Shirras does not write, it may be added, in his official capacity and his book embodies his personal views.

There are two schools of thought with regard to Indian currency and one of them is entirely identified with the official view of the subject. The official view is that the legislation of 1893 under which the mints were closed to the private coinage of silver, the later establishment of a gold standard on the recommendations of the Fowler Committee, the drifting of Government into the exchange standard and the resolute adherence to the policy developed during the last twenty years and endorsed by the Chamberlain Commission and successfully tested by the experience of the war period, have proved positively beneficial to the country and must, therefore, be accepted as the lasting basis of the Indian system It must be here stated in fairness that the exchange standard system of India has been approved by certain outside students as scientifically perfect and as a model for other countries to copy, though western nations with a gold standard may have no use for it. The other and the Indian view is that our currency has been manipulated without due regard to the true interests of the people of the country, that it was shifted from a silver to a gold basis without sufficient justification, that it was later on transformed into something that was neither fish nor flesh nor good herring and that now, in spite of the country's command over large gold imports, the Government want to persist in giving the people a token currency linked to the yellow metal by an artificial trend of a fixed rate of exchange. Mr. Findlay Shirras has frankly taken the orthodox official view of the problem and has not paid sufficient attention to the position of those who want that India ought to be endowed with an automatic and satisfactory system such as is possessed by other countries. He has no hesitation in pronouncing the Indian system as "cheap, automatic and stable" and deprecates as misleading and mischievous the doubts which have been expressed with respect to its alleged merits. Whatever one may say about the scientific perfection of the the exchange standard, reasonable people cannot but endorse the view expressed by Mr. H. Parker Willis of the American Federal Reserve Board and completely approved by Prof. Nicholson that it is a system "available only for dependent countries", that "it is not a monetary system, but connecting link between an isolated market and the broader market to which it looks for support." We are free to admit the advantage of economising the use of the precious metals in currency and to recognize that in spite of its gold standard, the United Kingdom uses little of the yellow metal in actual internal exchange transactions. But we deny that the Indian system is "an improved gold standard" as Mr. Shirras describes it, or that a system can be regarded as satisfactory, when under it the whole of its currency consists of tokens or paper redeemable in tokens and the interests of exporters and importers are differently influenced by the rate of foreign exchange fixed by law.

We are, however, glad that Mr. Shirras shows the so-called "hoarding habit' of the Indian people in its true perspective and satisfactorily accounts for th enormous demand for rupees which has prevailed here during the last three years. It is forgotten that India is almost fifteen times as large as Britain in point of area and has seven times the population that the means of communiaction in this country are difficult and few, that 94 per cent. of the population is illiterate as compared with 1.6 per cent. in Scotland, 1.8 per cent. in England and Wales, 7.7 per cent. in the United States and 17.4 per cent. in Ireland and that its banking is in an utterly undeveloped state. In these circumstances, it is no wonder that Indian demand for and absorption of the precious metals is large. The outside world which purchases the valuable raw materials of India has to liquidate its debt in silver and gold, and with a large demand for exports and a diminution of imports from foreign countries, the balance of trade in favour of India was bound to be abnormal. The huge disbursements the Indian Government made during war on behalf of the Imperial Government, augmented this balance, and as a result India's currency and exchange difficulties grew in extent and intensity. As the Bengal Chamber of Commerce has pointed out, the gold in the U.S.A. Federal Reserve increased, during the war, by £250,000,000, that in the Spanish banks by £70,000,000, in the Netherlands by £43,000,000, that is to say, these countries with a population of 11,40,00,000 increased their gold reserves by £387,000,000, while India, with a population nearly three times as large, had to be content with only £26,000,000 during the same period! It will be well if these and other facts of this nature are borne in mind by those who light-heartedly jest at the cost of Indian people for their alleged insatiable hunger for the precious metals. This is an illustration of the cavalier fashion in which Indian problems are dealt with by people who are either ignorant of our social and economic conditions or are unsympathetic towards our real needs and legitimate aspirations.

STANDING ON THE FILES.

"India is a land for salaams", said an official worthy, to the Hunter Committee; but in exacting the tribute, bureaucrats are driven to various artifices of browbeating and intimidation. Bureaucrats of this type are not quite rare in this Presidency and they abound in outlying parts such as Sind. Elsewhere we publish a letter sent by Professor Vaswani of Karachi to Mr. Shillidy, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner of Sind, protesting against the incorrigible arrogance of a section of the Civilians who confer their services upon India. Professor Vaswani is a well-known educationist, steemed by the public for his scholarship and character. As a result of his independence, he never happened to belong to the official retinue in Sind, and independence is not a venial offence in that quarter of the Empire. Professor Vaswani, whose health was not good enough for the strain of ceremonies, absented himself from a great Government House function in Karachi, and he sent his excuse in reply to the invitation. On the day of the function, Messrs. Durgadas and Mariwala, who were convicted of sedition in the "New Call" case, returned after release, and Professor Vaswani drove to the station to welcome them. The alert Mr. Shillidy took cognisance of this grave piece of misdemeanour, and sent another invitation to Professor Vaswani, but not for the purpose of any entertainment. "I shall be glad," Mr. Shillidy wrote. "if you will come and see me at any time convenient to yourself." Professor Vaswani, unsuspecting, called on the august Olympian. Mr. Shillidy began to censure him because he had absented himself from the "special" party at Government House, and at the same time had the hardihood to receive two political reprobates, convicted as they were "by the highest court of the province for sedition." What if the highest court had convicted the two gentlemen of "sedition", a crime which was caused by what Mr. Kincaid called the "spirit of Durgadas"? Surely it was open to Professor Vaswani to do what he pleased. Mr. Shillidy made the significant threat. "We have files of information." Bureaucrats of the type of Mr. Shillidy are surrounded with files and files, and know nothing of the fact that it is with sentient men and women they have to deal in the world. If, instead of taking his stand on his files, Mr. Shillidy had recalled or cared to know of the position and rectitude of the man whom he called to lecture, he could have spared Mr Vaswani an insult, without the slightest detriment to "public safety." Mr. Shillidy it appears, would not do the honour, presumably of invitation, again! Mr. Vaswani never called for it, and he woul survive the neglect of Mr. Shillidy. We do not know what Mr. Shillidy's notion of good behaviour are, but if he has any sense of civility it is for him to apologise or for his superiors to ask him, like a gentleman, to do so. Mr. Shillidy probably had constructed for himself world of his own—through his files—in which Mr. Vaswani, stood as a sinister figure. Did not the files say that he presided over the Khilafat Conference? Did they not contain awful accounts of the way in which he did not participate in the so-called "peace-celebrations"? What is more insidious, did not the files contain the plots by which he had engineered Hindu-Moslem Unity? Bred in distrust and supported on "information", Mr. Shillidy forgot the man, whom he could have directly known and esteemed. The way of salaams, timidity and obsequeousness, was obviously, in Mr. Shillidy's judgment, the duty of those honoured with invitation cards. These invitations will not anywhere in the world, least of all in medieval Sind, serve to promote cordiality if they are reckoned as salaaming functions; and no decent gentleman in the position of a host would, in any event, censure an absentee and threaten him with future neglect. The Shillidyan temper of official arrogance will not help in the New Era. As for the rest of this story, we leave it to the judgment of Mr. Shillidy's superiors

Notes of the Day.

Second Peace Conference.

The Second Peace Conference has met and resolved without transacting much notable business. The main object which brought together was the question of the Turkish Settlement. But beyond preliminary conversations nothing has been done towards effecting peace with Turkey. Only two things stand to the credit of the Conference. The question of the Adriatic has been practically settled and the Jugo-Slav delegates have been told that they should accept the settlement or the pact of London, a secre treaty with Italy, would be enforced. It cannot be said that even if the Jugo Slavs accept for the moment the suggestions of the Peace Conference, the settlement makes for permanent peace. The Balkans are sure to be inflamed at th first opportunity, if the Jugo-Slavs are forced to accept the arrangements arrived at by the Peace Conference. The Allies need not imagine that they have done wit Fiume by dictating terms to Jugo-Slavia The second important result arrived at by the Conference is the partial resumption of trade relations with Russia.

Vacillating Russian Policy.

The later telegram of the Paris correspondent of the "Daily News" is disquieting. He throws doubts on the finality of the settlement of the new Russian policy. There is nothing unusual in it. We are accustomed to the adoption of two directly contradictory policies and so long as Mr. Churchill is at the War Office and so long as Mr. Lloyd George has not the will or strength to enforce his sensible Russian policy, what the "Daily News' " correspondent foreshadows is not at all impossible. In fact, the latest Reuter's cable indicates the resumption of the policy of military adventure. The correspondent says that M. Millerond's Cabinet may reopen the whole question. The latest Allied policy would be the defence of the Baltic and the Caucasian Border States against the Bolsheviks. The mess and muddle are still there and apparently the Allies will never get out of it. If M. Millerand reopens the question, he must be plainly told that the Russian question is mainly and primarily a British question inasmuch as the whole burden of the unauthorised Russian expeditions fell on Britain and that Britain does not see the necessity of any further intervention under any pretext whatsoever. As for the independence of the Border States, the Soviet Government has always declared its readiness to recognise the Border States. It was only Denikin, Koltchak and their supporters who refused to recognise the Border States and prevented their recognition by the Allies. If we are to have the whole thing over again, some better excuse must be found than the threatened independence of the Border States. We hope Mr. Lloyd George will have the courage of his conviction and that he will be able to put down the opposition of Chauvinist Ministers like Mr. Churchill. We have no doubt the country will be with him.

The Turkish Settlement?

The Supreme Council is to be replaced by a Council of Ambassadors to deal with current questions and the execution of the Treaty of Versailles. Big questions of policy will be decided by a conference of the Heads of Governments. It is difficult to know under what category, big or small, comes in the Turkish peace as henceforth the Council of Ambassadors is to deal with it. We trust the Allies are alive to the necessity and urgency of a just Turkish settlement. It is a question of the first magnitude and to leave it mainly to be conducted by the minor council would be neither wise nor politic. The Third Peace Conference is to meet in London and it is finally to decide the Turkish question. Is the settlement of Peace to require as much time as the actual war did? Meanwhile what is to become of the world?

M. Clemenceau.

It was at first announced that M. Clemenceau would continue to represent France at the Peace Conference but such an arrangement has obviously been found unsatisfactory and he is replaced by M. Millerand. It would be unjust to subject to criticism the farewell promises showered on the head of M. Clemenceau. Nobody will question the war-services of M. Clemenceau but the peace-services of the "Tiger of France" were not exactly of that high order. The first great blunder was to hold the Peace Conference at a place surcharged with the spirit of *revanche*. The feeling may be perfectly a natural one in the case of France after long years of acute suffering. But all the same, it hindered the work of the Conference. The ex-Premier of France at the Conference frankly distrusted the League of Nations and was anxious to form alliances over and above the securities provided by the Peace Treaty and if left to himself he would have subjected Germany to the Austrian treatment, resolving her into half-a-dozen States. In his last speech to the Peace Conference, M. Clemenceau has not concealed his ideas. He knows no League; he remembers only the alliance of victors. If Great Britain United States, France, Italy and Japan remain united, M. Clemenceau exclaimed, they will form a guarantee of peace far beyond anything that can be placed on paper. If they drift apart, M. Clemenceau would not predict the resulting misfortunes. America has already cut its moorings and drifted apart. Any such alliance would be answered by a counter-alliance and the chances of permanent peace would be as remote as ever. Therefore is it that wise men of all countries have advocated a real League of all Nations—and free Nations—and not only a league of victors. M. Clemenceau's vision was limited and he did not take a long view of the question. He wanted to place the needs of the Entente above everything else. But the needs of the world are greater. The Allies won a great victory. But the peace they framed was not equally great. As days pass on, the Allies themselves will see the necessity of modifying [illegible]rms of peace and having regard to [illegible] possibility, one cannot regret very much the absence of M. Clemenceau from the Peace Conference.

New Era—or Bunkum?

As the New Era is dawning, it may be interesting to note how the metaphorical phenomenon affects the people who are to enjoy its radiance. Indians have on the whole taken it in simple faith and applauded the King's message as the promise of better times. The Bombay correspondent of the London "Times" gave a hopeful account of the results of the Royal Proclamation and said:—

> Accounts from all parts of India confirm the view that a profound impression has been made by the King's Proclamation and the promise of a liberal amnesty. The Proclamation is everywhere recognized as instinct with the sympathy and statesmanship which are traditional in the relations of the Royal House to India. It has exercised a powerful influence in healing the wounds inflicted by the evidence on the Punjab disorders given before the Hunter Commission.

This is the story of a simple, unsophisticated attitude of welcome, but the correspondent was wrong in saying that the Proclamation was "everywhere" recognised as instinct with sympathy and statesmanship, in proof of which we take the following from a Reuter's message appearing in English papers.

> The amnesty which Mr. Montagu advised the King to announce by proclamation is being severely criticised in many circles in India. *Practically the whole official* world condemns it as foolish and dangerous, stultifying the work of the Government and making good government almost impossible

Not being in the confidence of the official world, we have to take the assurance of Reuter and believe that the officials were in anguish over His Majesty's Proclamation. Was that the way officials had been receiving the King's call for the "obliteration of bitterness", and co-operation in the New Era? The cable itself is suspiciously anti-Montaguite in phraseology. We are being disillusioned.

Lady Chandavarkar.

We regret to hear the news of the death of Lady Chandavarkar, and we are sure that everyone will sympathise with Sir Narayan in his bereavement. Lady Chandavarkar was of a very retiring disposition, and she seldom came to public prominence. Just before his going to Indore as Dewan of the State, Sir Narayan, we remember, made a public acknowledgment of the help he derived throughout his life from the sympathy and judgment of Lady Chandavarkar, and there is no doubt that her death will be a great blow to Sir Narayan who felt such deep indebtedness to her good influence. For a long time she was known to be ailing. We join in offering Sir Narayan our sympathy in his affliction.

ALLIES AND RUSSIAN SITUATION.

DEVELOPMENT OF FRESH SURPRISE.

BRITISH TROOPS FOR PLEBISCITE AREA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 27.

The situation with regard to Russia has developed a fresh surprise. The French press yesterday expressed concern at the statement that Britain was unable to provide her quota of troops for the plebiscite areas in view of her commitments elsewhere and it was officially announced in London yesterday evening that it had been found necessary to modify the arrangements to send eleven British battalions to East Prussia, Silesia and other plebiscite areas and it had now been decided to send three battalions, one of which departs for Flensburg to-day and two others will subsequently go to Danzig and Allenstein respectively.

A section of the press interprets the announcements as indicating resumption of the policy of military adventure which was thought to have been abandoned last week, when it was decided partially to raise the Russian blockade.

RUMOUR OF ALLIED TROOPS FOR THE CAUCASUS:

BRITISH PRESS COMMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 27.

Commenting on the modification of the arrangements with regard to the despatch of British troops to the plebiscite areas, the "Daily Express," which gives prominence to an unconfirmed Paris rumour that the Allies are about to send two hundred thousand troops to the Caucasus, ascribes it to Field-Marshal Sir Henry Wilson who returned to London with Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Churchill.

On the other hand, a French political writer, M. Pertinax, says that Marshal Foch is opposed to raising the blockade and favours supporting Poland and Russia, while a Warsaw message to the "Morning Post", states that Marshal Foch is expected there in a fortnight and that it is understood that he will leave the direction of the operations expected next Spring to General Pilsudski, who will be assisted by a large French military mission that has been training the new conscript Polish Army for months.

Other despatches announce the arrival in Warsaw of M. Sazonoff, former Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, and two other Kolchakist representatives while the statement issued by the Polish Information Committee in London declares that the decisive period of war has begun and Poland has become a moving factor in the whole eastern situation and is the head of a coalition aiming at the establishment of a barrier between Russia and Germany.

The "Temps" referring to the rumour of a great expedition to the Caucasus says that only war material and parties of British instructors have hitherto gone to the Caucasus.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL OVER TRADE.

RESULT OF AUSTRALIAN REFERENDUM

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 27.

MELBOURNE.—The following is the result of the referendum on the question of increasing the Government's powers of dealing with trade and commerce:—

For	.....	911,000
Against	.....	924,000

On the question of nationalisation of monopolies the result is:—

For	.....	814,000
Against	.....	859,000

MELTING GOLD COINS.

CASE FOR THE PROSECUTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 27.

The hearing of the case in which seven people are charged with melting gold coins, was resumed to-day. Counsel for the prosecution stated that over one hundred and ten thousand sterling in gold coins had been withdrawn from the Bank of England by one of the accused and had completely disappeared. A highly organised system had been in use involving several changes of bank notes into currency notes and *vice versa* in order to conceal the identity of the persons implicated.

CABLE ITEMS.

BERLIN.—It is semi-officially stated that the Polish commander has promised a compensation for the incident in the Argenau region when the Poles made prisoners of most of the German force of occupation.

POLICE OFFICER SHOT DEAD!

GREAT SENSATION IN DUBLIN.

NO ARRESTS YET MADE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 21.
Recd. 9-50 a.m., Jan. 27.

Mr. Redmond, Assistant Commissioner of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, has been found shot dead in Harcourt Street, in the centre of Dublin. Two shots were heard.

The murder has created a great sensation. Mr. Redmond was the Second Assistant Commissioner and had recently been appointed to the Dublin Metropolitan Police from the Royal Irish Constabulary, Belfast. He was proceeding home at seven in the evening and when opposite the premises of the Sinn Fein Bank was fired on by men hiding in the gateway. One bullet pierced his head and the death was practically instantaneous. No arrests have been made at present.

U.S. SENATE AND PEACE TREATY.

MATERIAL PROGRESS TOWARD COMPROMISE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 27.

WASHINGTON.—It is authoritatively stated that a further conference of the leaders of the Senate yesterday resulted in material progress towards a compromise on the Peace Treaty and it is now regarded as possible to harmonise the differences on Article X and the question of voting power on the League of Nations. The members of the Conference are sure that the Senate will accept any compromise reached by the Conference.

SPLIT IN BRITISH CABINET.

SHOULD WAR BE DECLARED AGAINST BOLSHEVISM?

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 27.

The Paris correspondent of the "Westminster Gazette" says that the British Cabinet has split on Russia. Mr. Churchill advocates war against Bolshevism, while Mr. Lloyd George is trying to make peace with it. The Premier opposes any intervention in Russia and is of the opinion that military action against Bolshevism would be far more dangerous than allowing it to develop and probably die.

DR. MACNAMARA ON NATIONAL FINANCE.

GOVERNMENT POLICY FOR SPECIAL LEVY ON WAR-PROFITS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 27.

Dr. Macnamara, Parliamentary and Financial Secretary to the Admiralty, speaking on the national finance, said it was the Government's policy to impose a special levy on the wealth accumulated through war, if the Select Committee found such measure practicable.

EXCLUDING FORMER ENEMY ALIENS.

DECREE PROMULGATED IN SIAM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 27.

BANGKOK.—A decree has been promulgated, excluding the former enemy aliens from Siam for three years, except under limited permit on special grounds.

M. MILLERAND'S CABINET.

CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES' VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 23.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Jan. 27.

PARIS.—The Havas Agency says that a vote of confidence in M. Millerand's Cabinet was passed in the Chamber of Deputies by 272 votes to 25. Three hundred deputies abstained.

LIBERAL CANDIDATE FOR PAISLEY DIVISION.

MR. ASQUITH UNANIMOUSLY CHOSEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 21.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Jan. 27.

Mr. Asquith has been unanimously chosen as the Liberal candidate for the Paisley division.

The East African Menace.

INJUSTICE TO INDIANS.

BY C. F. ANDREWS.

III.—THE FINDINGS OF THE ECONOMIC COMMISSION REPORT.

When we come to examine the evidence on which such nasty conclusions are based, the result is altogether disappointing. No Indian member was invited to sit on the Commission itself, although some of the largest business tranactions in the country have been carried out by Indian merchants, and for a number of years the opening up of the trade with the interior was almost entirely in their hands. What is stranger still to notice is the fact, that not a single Indian Association appears to have been invited to send its representatives to give evidence. I have made enquiries about this, and it appears that, when such an important Commission was appointed (which would affect vitally Indian interests) and the request for Indian representation was refused, there was a natural disinclination to come forward individually to offer evidence. This seems to me to have been quite reasonable and dignified. I cannot find any hint whatever that the Commission itself took any steps to remedy or alleviate this initial injustice to the Indian community. I use word "injustice" here advisedly; for the Supreme Government of the protectorate must have clearly known that the Indian question would be dealt with in a manner which would affect their whole future; and to refuse the perfectly reasonable request for representation, in those circumstances, appears to me fundamentally unjust.

Meagre European Evidence.

The disappointment is scarcely less when we turn to the European evidence which was tendered on oath. The Commission itself in its own report, states that "the influence of the Asiatic" is "perhaps the factor which more directly than any other affects the welfare of the Native". Again it is stated, "The matter is one of highest Imperial importance. . . . Upon the decision of East Africa the future of the whole continent will largely depend". Yet on turning to the index of the very large and thick volume of evidence, we find only nine references to the subject. The heading "Kilindini Port" has eighty one references, some of them many pages long.

(1) The first is a reference to sanitation by Mr. H. Ryle Shaw. "In Natal where the Indian population is larger than the European, and where there is constant intercourse with India, the Port possesses a large quarantine ground for Asiatics. In this protectorate the necessity for such accommodation is much greater".

(2) The second reference is to India labour by the Hon. C. W. Hobley:—

"The next point upon which I would venture to lay stress is the more intelligent use of the Native population. I would like to abolish the idea that if skilled work has to be done an Asiatic must be engaged. . . . We should as soon as possible commence to train a considerable number of native youths to do the necessary artisan work. The training should be on English lines, not Indian: the pupils should be taught to work standing at a bench, not squatting on the ground. The Indian system of two men to a hand saw and two men to a plane should be consistently discouraged. I have no bias against the skilled Indian foreman or artisan, but it is noticeable that the quality during recen years has deteriorated although the rate of wages has increased. . . . It ha also been asserted that the employment of large quantities of Asiatic labour results in a steady leakage of money from this country to India."

(3) The third reference is by the same witness—"If the Indian immigrant were a great introducer of new capital into this country it would balance the loss (i.e. on imports) to some extent, but, as far as my information goes, this is not the case. Hardly any land owned by Asiatics in East Africa is being actively developed and worked. In Uganda, I believe, there are a few coffee planters. In East Africa nearly all the Asiatics are engaged in wholesale or retail trade financed to a great extent by the banks."

(4) The next reference is that of Mr. A. K. Constantine, Merchant and Motor Car Hirer:—

"The native trade was in the hands of the Indians. Europeans would not have little "dukas" in the native villages like the Indians. Wherever trade was large enough the European could beat the Indian. Natives might be trained to take the place of Indians, but these "dukas" must deal with the Indian wholesaler in Mombasa. The Indian wholesaler bought from the European firm on credit. Some of the biggest firms in this country traded entirely on credit. He thought this was sound business."

Replace Indians by British.

(5) The fifth reference is that of Mr. R. W. Playfair, Manager, National Bank of India, Nairobi:—

"Indian profits generally remained in the country. Indians were mostly working on credit. Their profits went to increase stock and purchase of land. An Indian to start with needed little money. The big Indian financed the small man."

(6) The next reference is that of H. H. Heatley, Farmer, Nandi:—

"He was not keen on natives learning to read and write though perhaps it would be advantageous in some cases. . . . He did not favour natives learning English. He thought that, wherever possible, Goan and Indian clerical labour, artisans, etc., should be replaced by white men, British taking preference, but in Government Offices and Railway."

(7) The seventh reference is that of Colonel W. K. Notley, Commissioner of Police:—

"Checks on Indian immigration were stringent. A man has to prove himself able to earn his own living, or else give a bond for the cost of his passage. A European without employment had to give deposit £25 if required by the Immigration Office or give a bond. There was also power to deport undesirables within twelve months of landing. There was no influx of poor Indians going on. Last year (1917) and the year before (1916) Indian immigration exceeded immigration."

(8) The reference is that of E. Battiscombe, Esq., Conservator of Forests:—

"One of the great difficulties to contend with at present is the absence of literate native employees: the only medium of communication between the European and the raw native is the Asiatic clerk or skilled Indian artisan. This class demand very high wages which are in many instances out of all proportion to the duties demanded of them and of the class of work they turned out. Many of the more receptive natives could be trained as Assistant Foresters and they would be far more satisfactory than the Asiatic both for acquiring an intimate knowledge of what is going on in and around the forests for becoming acquainted with the various species of trees and as "go between" the European and the Native."

(9) The last reference is that of the same withness:—

"Of first importance in the training of the natives in any trade or profession is the entire elimination of the Asiatic element. If the native is to be taught the teaching should be conducted on European lines, e.g. take the case of carpentry. If a native is taught by an Indian carpenter it is highly probable that he will adopt Indian methods, never learn to finish off any piece of work properly and moreover never succeed in making himself more useful than the average Indian.....It is the same with other professions; the average Indian artisan in this country cannot be said to excel in his art which appears to be more a matter of tradition than training; and it is unreasonable to expect the African to become more

(Continued on page 10.)

IS IT A CRIME?

NOT ATTENDING THE GARDEN PARTY.

OFFICIAL REACTION IN SIND.

We publish below a letter sent by Prof. Vaswani to Mr. Shilliday I. C. S. Assistant Commissioner in Sind which will speak for itself:—

DEAR MR. SHILLIDAY,

Your talk to me at the Government House yesterday has been a painful eye opener, and I regret to think that you are an out-and-out opponent of the only policy which can help the Province.

You are welcome to penalise in any way you can my non-attendance at the Garden Party, at Government House, on Tuesday evening, when though unwell, I moved out to meet Mr. Marivala and Mr. Durgdas at the City Station. I regard neither of them as 'seditious,' and I felt it my duty to be present at the welcome accorded them on their return home to a fear-ridden Province. You said they were condemned by the highest court in Sind; but, as I told you personally, no human court is infallible. I never asked for the honour of an invitation to the Garden Party; it was kind of Mr. and Mrs. Rieu to send me a card. If my non-attendance at the Party is a crime, you are welcome, as I said personally to proceed against me from your seat of power. You would not do me that 'honour,' you said, and your talk moved in such an atmosphere of suspicion and strange lack of courtesy that for some time I thought my eyes and ears had deceived me. It is difficult to imagine how you could have gone further in the exercise of your hospitality to one whom you invited to meet you under the roof of the Government House. And I would request you to spare yourself the trouble in future of sending me any card of invitation to any function at the Government House.

You differentiated between 'philosophy' and 'practice': the best friends of India and England demand that the philosophy of freedom should be reduced to practice or the professions abandoned. As I told you personally, I am not a 'politician'; but I will be ready in the future, as I have been in the past, to snub all efforts which would hamper freedom and harass public life in the Province.

Let me assure you, Mr. Shilliday, that the administration is a body without a soul which loses the secrets of a moral ideal and stands on the side of reaction. Let me assure you, further, that there are in Sind moral forces and values which are engaged in an effortto purify, protect and enrich our public life. Not the policy you advocate, but the Moral Ideal will decide the fate of Sind; and even if my body be in chains, my life should hold no higher privilege than to bear witness to my ideals.

Yours, sincerely,
T. L. VASWANI.

HOLLAND DECLINES TO EXTRADITE EX-KAISER.

AN UNCONFIRMED STATEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 6-30 p.m., Jan. 27.

The "Evening Standard" states that Holland has despatched a note declining to extradite the ex-Kaiser without Germany likewise demanding it. There is no confirmation of this statement.

MARSHAL FOCH'S VISIT TO WARSAW.

OFFICIAL DENIAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 6-20 p.m., Jan. 27.

PARIS.—The report that Marshal Foch is going to Warsaw is officially denied. Five French conference delegates, namely, M. Millerand, M. Marshal, M. Isaac M. Paleologue and M. Cambon, have been appointed.

IRON-MOULDERS' BALLOT.

MAJORITY FAVOURS RESUMPTION OF WORK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.
Recd. 6-30 p.m., Jan. 27.

The iron-moulders' ballot has resulted as follows:—

In favour of resumption of work:—17,667.
Against Resumption:—11,283.

SIR BENJAMIN ROBERTSON.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, Jan. 26.

Sir Benjamin Robertson handed over the charge of administration, this morning, to Sir Frank Sly and left for Bombay *en route* to South Africa by a special train, accompanied by Lady Robertson. His departure was public. A special train on its passage stopped at various stations in Berar to enable Sir Benjamin Robertson to bid goodbye to people. Later, in the Council Chamber, Sir Frank Sly was installed as the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces in the presence of leading officials, members of the Legislative Council and others, who were invited to witness the ceremony.

NOT YET OVER!

STRIKES IN BOMBAY.

NO DISTURBANCE.

The Labour strike continued yesterday, the employees of the cotton mills, the R.I.M. Dockyard, the Mazagon docks, the Port Trust workshops, the Burmah Oil Company's works at Sewri, and Messrs. Alcock Ashdown and Company's workshop still refusing to return to work. The mill operatives kept to their homes yesterday refraining from making any demonstrations and the day passed off unmarred by any disturbance in the mill districts.

A disturbance, however, occurred in connection with the strike of the employees of the Tramway Company's workshop at Dadar, though fortunately it was attended by no serious consequences. The men have been granted a Rs. 5 rise which, however, does not appear to have satisfied them. About 1,000 of them assembled near the workshop at Dadar in the morning and decided to march in a body to the Colaba workshop of the Company with a view to bring out the men working at the latter place. Arriving at the Dadar Terminus of the tramway lines, they boarded about nine cars one after another, forcing the drivers and conductors, in spite of their protests, to drive to Colaba. They packed the cars, which then proceeded in procession along the line. The men raised repeated shouts along the route, and the shopkeepers on hearing the noise and seeing cars packed with noisy demonstrators approaching, closed their shops, re-opening them only after the cars had passed a long way down the line. On the way the demonstrators appear to have changed their mind and on reaching the Sir J. J. Hospital corner they turned the cars in the direction of Mazagon with a view to march towards the power house there, utilising the siding opposite the hospital for the purpose, instead of going to Colaba as they had at first intended to do. Information had in the meantime been received at the temporary police headquarters at Jacob Circle, and from here a party of policemen and Highlanders, accompanied by a magistrate, was immediately despatched, and the strikers on reaching the Mazagon Terminus found themselves in front of the military and the police, and dispersed without carrying out their intention of going to the power house.

A notice was put up at the gate of the Port Trust workshop at Mallet Bunder announcing that the daily-paid men in the Bombay Port Trust workshop had been granted an increase of two annas per day with effect from the 17th January. It further announced that any other grievances would be duly considered on the men resuming work and warned them that they would receive no pay during the time they remained away from work.

The men of the Bombay Municipal Drainage Department are also out.

A meeting of the Labour Settlement Committee was held yesterday, Mr. H. A. Talcherker, presiding in the absence of Sir Narayan Chandavarkar.

At the outset Mr. Talcherker said he wished to express their profound sorrow at the loss which their worthy President Sir Narayan Chandavarkar had sustained in the death of Lady Chandavarkar.

The Committee then passed a resolution expressing profound regret at the sad death of Lady Chandavarkar and sympathy with Sir Narayan in his bereavement.

The Chairman then said Sir Narayan had forwarded to the Mill-owners' Association a resolution passed by this Committee drawing attention to the objection raised by operatives to the absence of signatures of mill managers to the notice announcing concessions. To this, the Association had replied that the notice had appeared in many cases over the signatures of both the managers and the mill agents but without any effect.

The Committee adjourned till to-morrow.

TRAMWAY STRIKE IN MADRAS.

MEN'S DEMANDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Jan. 26.

Further enquiry into the tramway strike shows that on Saturday last the men of the workshop waited on Mr. Powell who asked them to meet him this morning, when he said that he would explain the Company's position. Accordingly not only the men in the workshop but all employees in a body waited on Mr. Powell who explained to them that the Company was incurring a loss of Rs. 13,000 every month, and the employees would not be justified in expecting the war bonus, increase of pay or provident fund concession at this juncture. The men however presented their difficulties caused by the increased cost of living and said that they had no alternative but to strike and accordingly they have struck work. It is understood that the men demand an increase of two annas in the rupee in their wages, 25 per cent. increase in their grain allowance, and a bonus of one month's pay per annum. Compliance with the men's demands would involve the company in an additional expenditure of Rs. 24,000 a month. It is understood that the leaders of the strikers have been told that their demands cannot in these circumstances be granted and that if the men persist in their demands the Company will have no alternative left but to close down the concern.

AN EXPLANATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It seems a false impression has deliberately been created by some one regard-

(Continued on page 10.)

THE AMRITSAR HORRORS

"STAMP IMPERIALISM OUT OF THE EMPIRE."

The horror of Amritsar (and even the "Times" realises that it is a horror), is the plainest warning ever given in the history of the world to an imperial State and an imperial people, writes Mr. Lionard Woolf in the "Daily Herald." But the warning, if it is to be effective, must be understood. The "Mene, Mene" on Balshazzar's wall was a plain enough warning, but only when it was properly interpreted, and then it was too late to save Balshazzar's empire. Amritsar, Egypt, Ireland, Africa, even little Trinidad and Ceylon, are writing "Mene, Mene" to-day upon the walls of the British Empire. Let us at least follow the hand-writing and interpret it correctly. Mr. Brailsford, in his article the other day, found the cause of the horror in our habit of murder which has grown out of the war. There is a certain truth in this. But it is not the real and ultimate cause of Amritsar. That is something much more fundamental, much older than the war: religion, the religion of imperialism.

WHAT MEN WORSHIP.

Men have always worshipped things; for a long time it was gods which they worshipped, and these gods were sometimes good, like Buddha, and sometimes bad, like Moloch. The European long ago gave up worshipping gods, and for a century or more he has, in most places, given up the worship of kings and churches. In the 19th century, however, he began, particularly in this country, Germany, France, Russia, and Italy, to worship the State, and the Imperial State. Imperialism, and what the imperialists call patriotism and nationalism, are the religion, creed, and dogma of this worship. Like all religions, imperialism is based upon faith. The faith is a simple one. The Empire, i.e., the State, is something good in itself, an to question this is heresy: further, it is a right and duty of Englishmen to rule, for their own good, Asiatics and Africans, who being of a lower order are incapable of ruling themselves.

Now, as long as Asiatics and Africans were willing to allow us to rule them with considerable skill and considerable administrative justice, while we exploited them economically, no great harm was done except to our own souls (for nothing is so disastrous to the human soul as the exercise of power). But the time came a little while ago when the Asiatics and many Africans began to wish to govern themselves, and inevitably there has resulted a clash between this desire and the religion of State and Empire. The population of the British Empire is 440 millions, and of these 440 millions only 70 millions in the United Kingdom and the Self-Governing Dominions enjoy any kind of self-government; the remaining 370 millions are ruled autocratically. These 370 millions are just beginning to be tired of our autocracy and to demand that they shall be allowed to govern themselves. They do not share our religion or our worship of the State and the Empire. Any attempt on their part to translate this desire into action becomes for the imperialist a crime against his God, a sin against the Holy Ghost of State and Empire. It is *sedition*, and no punishment can be too great for *sedition*. And so, in fact, we have sedition in Egypt and Ireland and Ceylon and India. And so we have bloodshed in Ireland and Egypt and Ceylon and India. And so we have Amritsar.

THE TWO PRINCIPLES.

There have always been two ideals and principles struggling for the body and soul of the British Empire. First, the principle of Victorian Liberalism, the principle of self-government and government by consent in a loose kind of federation: this involved the gradual grant of self-government to African and Asiatic possessions. The second was the principle of the religion of imperialism. Liberalism sold its own soul in the nineties and died of general paralysis: its unburied corpse still poisons our politics. Ever since "Liberal Imperialism" was invented and allowed people to profess one thing and conscientiously do the exact opposite, the rule of the Empire has become more and more religiously imperialist.

The important point is not that General Dyer should be punished, but that people in this country should realise why he did what he did, and should stamp imperialism out of the Empire. The "Morning Post" writes:

> Every Englishman and Englishwoman in India know that Dyer, by the Garden of Amritsar, saved them from another Well of Cawnpore. And if their saviours are sacrificed to the resentment of those who set the crowd in motion against them, they will understand that India is no longer a place for white people.

There you have the whole question in a nut-shell. There are 155,000 white men in India and 300 million Indians. If we are going to see that India is a place for the white men, we must continue to have our Amritsars in India and our Denshawis in Egypt and our punitive expeditions in tropical Africa. It is not murder that the General Dyers and the "Morning Post" and empire-builders and administrators are after, it is the white man's burden of empire. They are honest men who serve the moder god of empire; unfortunately their god requires big sacrifices to be bloody.

THE EAST AFRICAN MENACE.

(Continued from page 9.)

proficient than the Indian if he merely has these traditions instilled into him".

Unwarranted Verdict.

These are the only references to Asiatics in the whole body of evidence, which have been regarded worthy of indexing; and I have quoted them *in extenso*. The evidence, such as it is, appears to me extraordinary little, both in quality and quantity, for such immense issues to be made to depend upon it. As it stands, also, it by no means points in one direction only. The Manager of the National Bank of India, which is the oldest established in the country, and accepted as the Government Bank, declares pointedly that Indian profits generally remain in the country and go to the increase of stock and purchase of land. The Commissioner of Police reports that already checks on Indian immigration are stringent and that for two years past more Indians have gone out of the country than have entered it. Even those, like Mr. Battiscombe, Conservator of Forests, who wish to replace the Indian by the African, acknowledge at the same time that the number of Africans, who have had any training or education is infinitesimal.

If the case against the Indians were to be decided on the evidence alone, I do not think that any learned Judge on any bench would give a verdict such as the Commissioners have given.

One is driven to the conclusion that they have made up their minds, not so much on the evidence set before them, as in accordance with their own private inclinations. I am not myself acquainted with the workings of such Commissioners, and therefore cannot say whether such action is technically in order. To me, as an amateur on the subject, it seems essentially unfair. Not only was no Indian evidence taken, not only no Indian representative allowed to sit on the Commission, but even when the very scanty European evidence was wavering and undecided and, in one case at least contradictory, even then the Commissioners (who took oaths from the witnesses in a judicial manner) summed up against the Indian Community on practically every point and condemned them to ultimate exclusion.

MONTAGU MEMORIAL.

SUBSCRIBERS' MEETING.

A meeting of the subscribers of the Montagu Memorial Fund was held yesterday evening in the Municipal Corporation Hall, Sir Dinshah M. Petit presiding. Mr. S. R. Bomanji the Provincial Secretary having explained the object of the meeting, the Chairman invited suggestions from members as to the form the memorial should take. The Hon. Sir Thomas Strangman observed that the memorial should take a visible form and it should be also of such a nature that it may benefit the children and the poor people.

Sir Stanley Reed said that the memorial should be a living, striking and artistic one. He thought that a building of aesthetic appearance near the Gateway of India would be an appropriate memorial. After erecting a suitable memorial they might utilise the balance of the fund for establishing scholarships with a view to training intelligent and promising young men who may ultimately worthily fill administrative offices in India.

After some further discussion Sir Stanley Reed proposed that subscriptions be invited to a memorial to the passing of the Reform Act and the splendid work of Mr. Montagu in connection therewith, the memorial to take the form, first of some object of public utility and secondly a monumental work of art be erected on a suitable site and be associated with the name of Mr. Montagu to which a sum of not exceeding two lakhs of rupees shall be allocated in the first instance. The Hon. Sir Thomas Strangman seconded the resolution which was carried. An influential Committee was appointed to invite and collect subscriptions and to carry out and determine the objects set out in the above resolution.

Mr. S. R. Bomanji announced that the subscriptions collected up to date amount to Rs. 81,000 Sir Dorab Tata had subscribed Rs. 5,000 whilst Mr. H. M. Mehta and Mr. Mathradas Gokaldas had subscribed Rs. 1,000 each. Mr. M. H. Dehdashti and Mr. Ruttonchand Tullockchand had given Rs. 500 each and Mr. V. A. Dabholkar and Mr. Hansraj Pragji subscribed Rs. 1,000 each while Mr. Mia Mahomed Haji Jan Mahomed Chhotani gave Rs. 2,000.

BANK OF MADRAS.

RATE OF INTEREST RAISED

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Jan. 26.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Madras held this evening the rate of interest was raised by 1 per cent. The rate is now 7 per cent.

NOT YET OVER!!

(Continued from page 9.)

ing the Meeting of the Mill workers held last Saturday, near the Century Mills, under my presidency.

It is alleged that I advised the workmen not to resume work and that the audience resenting my advice pelted me with stones. This allegation is absolutely false. The facts are that I never advised them not to resume work but on the other hand I entreated them to consider their present position seriously, they having been twenty-four days out of work and then decide for themselves what they intented to do. There was no stone throwing and the workers dispersed quietly after passing a resolution rejecting the concessions offered by the Mill-owners.—Yours, etc.

V. M. PAWAR.

27th January, 1920.

MILLOWNERS' "CONCESSIONS"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to your article entitled "The End of Strike" in your Saturday's issue, you seem to be sanguine that the strike will now end, as I beg to differ from your view, I request the courtesy of allowing me a short space in your widely read journal to make the following observation:—

The Mill-owners' Committees have decided to raise the war-allowance from 35 per cent. to 75 per cent. in the case of piece-workmen and from 35 per cent. to 55 per cent in the case of fixed wagemen. This arrangement is not regarded satisfactory by the Mill-hands. Apparently the reasons for giving 40 per cent. increase to the piece-workmen is that, when the mills work only for 10 hours instead of 12, the piece-workers will loose his production and should therefore be compensated to that extent,

Now, Sir, the standing grievance of the Ring-Frame men, who are generally paid fixed wages, is that they are poorly paid compared to those who are paid on piece-work. Take for instance a ring-piece boy—so far he got a maximum salary of Rs. 21 including war allowance 35 per cent. and the weekly bonus: whereas the frame tenter who is paid on piece-work in the Spinning department got from Rs. 25 to Rs. 30 and a weaver about Rs. 35 to Rs. 40 and more. There is thus, a disparity between the standard of wages of these two classes of workmen. As a result of which, the ring boys, specially, go over either to the frame department or to the Weaving shed. The prevailing view, among those who know the inner details of work in the local mills, is that if this disparity were removed, it would stop the ring piecer boys from going over to other department, when they can earn better wages being paid on piece work, and besides removing the sting of preferential treatment to the piece workmen over the fixed wages men, tend to secure steady labour in the ring, and other such departments, where the men are paid fixed wages, thus resulting in a distinct advantage to the mills in the long run.

Since the publication of the notice, issued by the mill-owners, I have talked to a lot of mill-hands, both piece-workers, and fixed wages men, and a vast majority of them are not prepared to resume work until at least, the 40 per cent. increase is granted to both piece-workers and the fixed wages men. The mill-owners, by their obstinate attitude have lost a considerable amount in these 24 days and it would be in the interests of the share-holders, as also in the interests of the strikers if they even at this late hour, accept thus just demand of the work-people of a uniform treatment of both the classes of workmen. As an alternative suggestion they should offer to let the ring-piecers and the car dand blow-room men to work on piece-work.—Yours, etc.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

A PLEA FOR THE STRIKERS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The last few days we are hearing from very many quarters complaints against the helpless mill-hands who have struck work all of a sudden. Admitting that such tremendous strikes as the one now in progress are most unfortunate, that they dislocate business and lead a thriving industry into the pools of stagnation; and that strikes are essentially a weapon the use of which is hardly, if ever, justifiable, I cannot but plead on behalf of the striken whose case in the present exigencies is full of merits. One argument over which the mill-owners and their supporters are waxing eloquent, is that the strikers did not give them a due and proper notice; and also that before going on strike they should have memorialised their masters for their wants. This sounds very plausible and has won the mill-owners a fair measure of popular sympathy. But, need I assure you, sir, that in this step the mill hands have taken, the mill-owners themselves are equally to blame. What have they done in the past, will their friends tell us, to give the mill-hands a speaking voice, emanating from considered and collective opinion. They have left the mill-hands all these years in an ignorant, happy-go-lucky condition and left to their own devices, how are they, the children of ignorance, toil and poverty, to know better? How many of our rich industrial magnates, have started schools for their mill-hands? How many of these flourishing concerns have got, their own general kitchens where the mill hand can feed himself on a cheap, nourishing lunch? How many of our prosperous industrialists moved their little fingers towards the uplift, moral and mental of these men whose untiring labours breed their affluence? If our mill-hands to-day do not know better do not sit down in solemn conclave and debate the pros, and cons. of their actions before they act, I for one, in apportioning the blame, will allot a fair and liberal quota to the masters. May be they are poor and ignorant, may be they are hungry and starving, they are ill-fed and badly clothed and their poverty and ignorance, their hunger and their want make them forget the rules of the road and ignore the niceties of the game, shall we not share their sorrow and pray for their speedy release from the intolerable situation which must be galling to their minds and certainly better in its sufferings and its sorrows in their peaceful homes.—I am yours, etc.

C. S. THAKAR,

Santa Cruz.

"DIVIDE AND RULE."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall thank you for the publication of the following few lines in your valuable columns.

I admit the position of the Labourers in the light of the fact that our Governor's interference has brought about a seeming compromise and the labourers have already thanked the Governor for his unioform kindness. But the serious blunder the Mill-owners have now committed is the cleavage that has been created by giving 20 per cent. more increase to permanent workers and 40 per cent. more increase to temporary men. From this it is evident that the Mill-owners use the "Divide et impera" policy. Will they not have the heart of the Managing Director of B. E. S. and Tramways Co., Ld., Mr. F. C. Rimington who with considerable tact and sympathy brought his strikes to a close by giving an all-round increase without differentiation.

In ordinary days, the workmen are in very sorry plight during the second half of every month. But now without any pay for the strike days extending to nearly one month, how can thek keep the wolf our side the door? There is no strong organisation which can support them for strike days as in Western countries and as such the mill-owners should at once conciliate the workmen by going still further to meet their demands.

Trusting that the Mill-owners will rise to the occasion,—Yours, etc.

K. A. SUBRAMANIAN,

12-13 Vagal's Building,

Ganeshpeth, Dadar.

RANGOON TELEGRAPH ASSOCIATION.

RECOMMENDS ENQUIRY INTO PRESENT SITUATION.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Jan. 26.

A largely attended meeting of the Rangoon branch of the Indian Telegraph Association after discussing the memorandum to the Chambers of Commerce and Trades' Associations passed seven resolutions. These urged upon the Government of India the advisability of recognising all constitutional representation submitted by the Calcutta Central Committee, requested the Director-General to recommend to the Government that an Enquiry Committee be formed to discuss the present situation, pledged the meeting to stand by the Central Committee in all constitutionally submitted representation, requested that postal clerks' pay and prospects be the same as the telegraph department and that they be granted local allowance, suggested that the clerical establishment be given in addition to the revision of pay, revision of local allowance, and that house accommodation and improved scale of subsistence allowances be given to delivery peons.

The last resolution says "that if a satisfactory assurance be not given within reasonable period this meeting resolves its inability to render the same co-operation as in the past. The President addressing the meeting before the resolutions were passed advised them to work loyally and faithfully as hitherto, to be patient, to be always constitutional in their representation and not be coerced into any action that may be considered unconstitutional.

TELEGRAPH WORKMEN'S UNION.

A crowded meeting of the delivery staff of the Government Telegraph Department, Bombay, was held in the Morarji Hall at Carel Street, on Sunday last to organise a union. Over 90 of the staff was present. After the necessity and the advantages of unions and organised efforts to safeguard and further their interests were explained by some of the leaders and sympathisers. The meeting unanimously resolved to organise a Union called "The Telegraphic Workmen's Union," and appointed an influential body of office bearers and members of the working committee. The meeting further resolved to represent their long-standing grievances to the Director-General of Posts and Telegrams, and appointed a deputation to wait upon him, when he arrives in Bombay.

OPENING OF NEW INDUSTRIAL BANK.

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 26.

The Industrial Bank of Western India was opened here to-day and transacted business. Many mills' shroffs and leading gentlemen opened their accounts.

AN APPOINTMENT TO THE I. E. S.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Jan. 24.

A Press communique says:—

His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the appointment of Syed Maqbul Shah of the Provincial Educational Service to the Indian Educational Service as Inspector of Schools in the Punjab.

The Hony. Secretary of the I.B.S.A. writes from Secunderabad that the Local Boy Scouts there rendered valuable assistance in putting down a fire which broke out in an oilmonger's shop No. 1559 in General Bazar Secunderabad on Sunday the 18th instant.

ALI BROTHERS.

TO ARRIVE IN BOMBAY TO-MORROW.

The Hon. Secretary the Central Khilafat Committee writes to say:—

His Holiness Maulana Abdul Bari of Forangi Mahal, Lucknow and Messrs. Shaukat Ali and Mohamed Ali are arriving in Bombay, at Victoria Terminus on Thursday, the 29th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), by the Punjab Mail.

The procession will proceed to Muzzaffarabad Hall, Grant Road, via:—

Hornby Road, Crawford Market, Rangari Moholla, Jumma Musjid, Javeri Bazar (Shaikh Memon Street), Mumbadevi, Pydownie, Bhendi Bazar, J. J. Hospital, Two Tanks and Play House.

The first two motor cars will carry captains of Volunteer Corps and Reporters.

Third motor car will carry His Holiness Maulana Abdul Bari of Lucknow Ali Brothers and Mr. Mia Mohamed Haji Jan Mohamed Chotani, J.P., President of the Central Khilafat Committee of India.

Fourth car will carry Mr. Mirza Ali Mohamed Khan, Khatub Saheb of Jumma Musjid and Aga Syed Aga Mujtabid.

Behind the above cars there will be a number of other cars carrying Khatub of Minara Musjid, Kazis and Olamaz of the city. Non-Muslim gentlemen who will grace the occasion and members of the Central Khilafat Committee.

INDIA'S PART IN WAR.

DR. GIRDWOOD'S PROPAGANDA WORK.

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Jan. 26.

Dr. H. D. Girdwood who has been doing enormous propaganda work in England and the Colonies on behalf of the India Office has arrived in India and will make a tour through various presidency towns, giving his famous film lectures under the auspicious of the local Government. It has been a pure voluntary work and he has personally spent over £10,000 in carrying propoganda campaign in England, America and Canada, in all of which countries he has created an atmosphere favourable to the development of Indian aspirations by pointing out both in the press and on the platform the magnificient part played by Indian troops in every theatre of war and the splendid response made by the Ruling Chiefs. Dr. Girdwood by means of lectures and subscriptions in India hopes to raise one lakh of rupees which he is giving in charities in India as his Excellency, the Viceroy may decide.

It may be news to many to know that the Government of India was the first of all various Governments in Allied countries to start propoganda work by deputing, Dr. Girdwood and his corps of cinema artists to visit France and other theatres of war and bring back records of hand-to-hand fighting and such acts of prowess by which, the Indian troops saved dangerous situations at critical moments. The enlargements of some of these records have already appeared in several leading papers of India and other Allied countries. Besides he has made considerable sacrifice in money in order to successfully carry out his self-imposed task of enlightening the British public. He even ran great personal risks in photographing Indian troops in action, for instance on one occasion the Germans spotted him at a distance of 80 yards and one of their bullets actually smashed his camera to pieces.

Dr. Girdwood, who had been acquainted with many Indian Maharajahs before he went to France had occasion to live in the same officers mess with the Maharajahs of Patiala, Barwani and Rutlam and the Prince of Kapurthala and Sir Pratapsingh. At his own expense he equipped a factory in London to turn out thousands of enlargements required for his propoganda and to take care of a large amount of material coming from East Africa, Palestine, Mesopotamia and other theatres of war to which he had sent camera experts. His success was due not only to the wonderful organisation, in all theatres of war but also to his love of India and its peoples which was depicted in many articles which appeared in English press appreciative of India's part in the war and which won over English audience to a deeper sympathy of India's aspirations.

Dr. Girdwood is now in Delhi and after giving a few lectures including one before the members of the Imperial Legislative Council will proceed to presidency towns probably first touching Bombay.

NEW MARATHI WEEKLY IN AMRAOTI.

A correspondent wires from Amraoti:

"Udaya" a nationalist Marathi weekly is started at Amraoti by Mr. B. G. Khaparde. The first issue is out to-day.

(Continued in Column 6.)

(b) If she regards the Allies' Policy as a racial and religious injustice?

(c) And if Moslems all the World over look upon the dismemberment of Turkey as a grave menace to their Faith, to their religious Freedom and to their National existence?

It is yet time for Government to reconsider the whole position, which is growing grave every day, and to realise and to recognise the just claims of Indian Moslems and the joint prayer of the Indian Nation."

"Do not Dismember Turkey".—Yours, etc.,

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

Apollo Street,

Bombay, Jan. 27.

LATEST CABLES

MR. ASQUITH.

STANDS FOR PAISLEY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

Recd. 12 midnight, Jan. 27.

Mr. Asquith has decided to stand for Paisley Paisley Unionists have adopted Mr. James Mavkean as Coalition candidate. Meanwhile Labour Extremists threaten to run second Labour candidate.

NEW FRENCH MINISTRY.

SHORT LIFE EXPECTED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

Recd. 12 midnight, Jan. 27.

Paris.—After a five hours' stormy and confused debate M. Leon Daudet moved a resolution condemning the appointment of M. Sleeg as Minister of the Interior, but the motion was rejected by 383 votes to 14. M. Millerand rejected a number of orders of the day, implying no confidence. Finally a vote of confidence was passed by 272 votes to 23. There were, however, 300 abstentions. As a result of the debate, M. Millerand remains the head of Government, but he will have to face fiery assaults on January 28th upon the debate on the foreign policy. Government is not expected to remain in power long.

THE REDMOND TRAGEDY.

VERDICT OF WILFUL MURDER.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

Recd. 12 midnight, Jan. 27.

At the inquest in Dublin on Mr. Redmond, verdict of wilful murder was passed. The jury expressed abhorrence at the dastardly outrage. A witness deposed that he saw four or five men running away after shots were fired. Otherwise there have been no further developments and no arrests.

ARMENIAN REPUBLIC.

ALLIES RECOGNISE INDEPENDENCE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Jan. 22.

Recd. 12 midnight, Jan. 27.

The Allies have decided to recognise the independance of the Armenian Republic, with capital at Brivan. The question of boundaries is not yet settled, but the recognition does not perjudice any decisions to be reached later with regard to Turkish Armenia.

TURKEY AND THE VICEROY

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In reply to the representation of the Khilafat Deputation H. E. the Viceroy is reported to have said, that "as Turkey, when she had her choice, deliberately drew the sword against the Allied Powers, she must take the consequences." If that is the standpoint of Lord Chelmsford will his Excellency be pleased to state,

(1) How is the pious pledge of Lord Hardinge guaranteeing the integrity of the Holy Places of Islam to be duly discharged by the Government?

(2) How is the solemn assurance of the Premier not to deprive Turkey of Constantinople, Thrace and the rich province of Asia Minor to be faithfully fulfilled?

(3) How are the famous Fourteen Peace Points of Mr. Wilson to operate in the case of Turkey?

(4) How is the principle of Nationality and self-determination going to be applied to Turkey?

(5) And how is the basic principle of the League of Nations—non-intervention and non-annexation going to be operated in the case of Turkey?

Sir, if the argument of Lord Chelmsford is pursued by the Allies, it follows that,

(a) Germany should be dismembered,

(b) Austria should be wound up,

(c) Bulgaria should be divided.

(d) And Russia—Bolshevik Russia—should be subjugated; for, all these Powers have taken the offensive against the Allies.

But we know for a fact that the Allies recognise,

(a) That it would be almost impossible, and certainly hazardous to dismember Germany.

(b) That it would be unprofitable to demolish Austria completely.

(c) That it would be unwise to wipe out Bulgaria.

(d) And that it is impossible to subjugate Bolshevik Russia.

It is thus clear, that whilst no punishment is meted out to Germany, Austria and Bulgaria, except in shape of indemnity, Turkey is to be tried and punished and made to pay not only in coin but in rich territory. She is thus singled out of all the Belligerents for the severest possible punishment, and she—a Moslem Power is to be denied the right of self-determination, which is recognised and adopted in the case of other Belligerents, who are all Christians. What wonder then,

(a) If Turkey feels the sting the most?

(Continued in Column 5.)

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Polson's Coffee	1	2	0
Indian Curry Powder	1	0	0
Pure Pista Biscuits	4	10	0
Almond Biscuits	2	12	0
Almond & Pista Biscuits	3	12	0
Everton's Toffee	0	10	0
Mango Pulp	0	14	6
Milk Biscuits	2	4	0
Dinner ,,	2	4	0
Family ,,	1	13	0
Ginger Nuts	3	8	0
Thin Arrowroot	3	0	0

You are Cordially Invited
To Pay Us a Visit.

ALI BROTHERS AT MEERUT.

ROUSING RECEPTION ACCORDED.

(From a Correspondent.)

MEERUT, Jan. 20.

The long expected visit of Messrs. Shaukat Ali and Mohamed Ali came at last on the 14th instant. The spontaneous feeling of Hindu and Muslim unity cannot better be demonstrated than the warm reception accorded to the guests. It is very difficult to describe the feelings and enthusiasm with which the public waited the arrival of their leaders. At about 9 a.m. when every thing was ready and the honoured guests were expected every moment the news that they were not coming, owing to their being busy in drafting the address which was to be sent to H. E. the Viceroy the next day, came as a bolt from the blue on the public, who were greatly disappointed. At about 2 p.m. Lala Budh Parkash brought the happy news that the guests would be coming at 4 p.m. At the appointed hour the guest arrived on a decorated car with Messrs. Mohamed Husain and Rai Saheb Sita Ram. The procession started from the Town Hall amidst frantic cheers and the cries of "Allah-o-Akbar" and "Jai." On entering the city-gate, they sat on a "Takhte Taus" which was specially erected for the occasion. Here Mr. Mohamed Husain, Secretary of the Meerut Khilafat Committee, read the address on behalf of the Khilafat Committee, in response to which both the brothers made short speeches and congratulated the public on the spirit of co-operation and patriotic feeling. From there the carriage was unhorsed and drawn by the public throughout the route. On the route several valuable articles were presented to the guest. The procession stopped at the Nau-mahla Mosque where Maghrib prayers were offered. At the house of Q. Najmuddin Saheb the guest were presented an address by the members of the Mahomedan Gymkhana. They accepted the honorary life-membership of the same.

HINDUS AND MAHOMEDANS DINE TOGETHER.

At 7-30 p.m. the procession reached Baraf-Khana ground where a mass meeting was held under the presidentship of Rai Saheb Pandit Sita Ram. Mr. Joti Parshad, vakil read an address on behalf of Hindu citizens and Mr. Peare Lal Sharma, vakil, read another address on behalf of Hindus and Mahomedans of Meerut to each of which the brothers separately responded. They particularly drew the attention of the Mahomedans on the question of cow sacrifice. After the meeting the guests went to the house of their host, Lala Budh Parkash, where a dinner was given in their honour and both the Hindus and the Mahomedans dined at the sam table.

THE ALI BROTHERS' FUND.

PUBLIC MEETING AT MADRAS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Jan. 26.

The Hon. Mr. Yakub Hassan presided at a public meeting held yesterday at the Triplicane beach, to concert measures for collecting funds to be presented to Messrs. Mahomed Ali and Shaukat Ali. Mr. S. Kasturiranga Iyengar welcomed the Hon. Mr. Yakub Hassan, and referred to his valuable services in England in the interest of India.

The Hon. Mr. Yakub Hassan in the course of his speech said, that Britain being a prominent party at the Peace Conference would not be absolved from any responsibility which would be attached to the Peace Conference for any injustice that might be done to Turkey. Over Rs. 3,000 were suscribed to the fund.

MUSLIM LADIES' CONFERENCE

TO MEET AT MADRAS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Jan. 26.

At a meeting of the Mussalmans of Madras held under the presidency of Sir Abdur Rahim it was unanimously resolved to hold the Muslim Ladies' Conference in Madras in the first week of March.

ADDRESS TO MR. SASTRI.

HIS DEFENCE OF MODERATES.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Jan. 26.

The Deccan Sabha presented an address to the Hon. Mr. Srinivasa Sastri on Sunday evening in recognition of his work in England. A large number of people were present on the occasion. Sir Hormusji A. Wadia was in the chair. Mr. Sastri in acknowledging the honour said, that being full of diffidence when he sailed for England, it was a matter for satisfaction and even some amount of pride to him that the meeting considered his services were not attended altogether with ill success. He then defended the Moderate Deputation, whom some critics were representing as absolutely superfluous and as unable to do anything. In improving the Reform Bill the Moderate Deputation had its share of credit. As to the work that lay ahead he appealed to the audience to determine to work the reforms as to make them successful. Those who went into the Councils with the deliberate object of proving the impracticabilities of the Act will be doing a positive disservice to the country. They wanted, not wreckers of the Act but workers of the Act, from whichever of the existing parties they might come.

ALL INDIA MUSIC CONFERENCE

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Jan. 26.

The next All India Music Conference will be held in Calcutta some time in December this year.

BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY.

A WELCOME ENTERPRISE.

We have much pleasure in announcing that a new body called the Bombay Co-operative Wholesale Society, has recently been organized in this city for the purchase of wholesale supplies on behalf of co-operative stores. The new institution is registered under the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912. It has a capital of Rs. 1,00,000, divided into 10,000 shares of Rs. 10 each. The value of the shares has been kept low to enable co-operative societies, their members and men of moderate means to become shareholders in the Society. The subscription list will open on Monday, 26th January and close on Saturday, 28th February. The shares will be payable on application.

The new Society has been able to secure a strong directorate. The names of the Directors are:—The Hon. Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, the Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, the Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Lalji Naranji, Esq., Laxmidas Rowji Tairsey, Esq., Mathradass Vasanji, Esq., B. F. Madan, Esq., Rao Bahadur A. U. Malji (Broach), Rao Saheb K. R. Walvekar (Hubli), R. M. Sane, Esq. (Barsi), and J. K. Mehta, Esq.

The Registered Office of the Society for the present is Sirdar Building, Apollo Street, Fort.

The following is a copy of the Prospectus issued by the Society:—

The prevailing high prices of most of the necessaries of life, and the difficulty of obtaining certain commodities at all through the usual local agencies have aroused in most parts of the Bombay Presidency a keen desire for some more satisfactory system of supply and distribution. Everywhere a feeling is springing up that the present system with its profiteering and frequent dishonest practices is urgently in need of reform. Many people have gained some knowledge of co-operative principles from their practical experience in village or urban co-operative credit societies, and are beginning to ask themselves why India should not follow the example of England, and apply the same principles to the purchase and sale of necessaries as have already proved so successful in the case of credit. There is already a widespread demand for supplementing the work of the credit societies by means of co-operative stores, and Government have taken steps to meet this demand by sanctioning a special staff to help in the organisation of retail stores, supply unions, and agricultural trading societies generally.

The public have left the pinch of high prices so severely that they are far more willing than at any previous juncture to spend time and trouble on organising and managing any agency, which promises to supply them with good stock and to keep down prices to a fair level. This feeling found expression at the last Bombay Provincial Co-operative Conference when it was unanimously resolved that the time had come for a rapid extension of retail stores and supply unions, and that immediate steps should be taken to organise a wholesale purchasing and selling agency in Bombay City.

There are at present 35 registered co-operative stores in the Presidency, but the Registrar expects their number to rise to 100 by March 31st. In addition, there are 34 handloom weavers' societies for buying yarn and selling cloth, 21 societies for purchasing cakes and fish manure, and 15 societies for the sale of gul, kupas, and other agricultural produce. As the number of these societies is still insufficient to justify the organisation of the wholesale co-operative stores, it has been decided to form, in the first instance, merely a wholesale co-operative agency doing all business on the *adat* system and on a cash basis. The agency will charge actual prices out of pocket expenses and reasonable trade commission to cover the cost of management.

The Society, however, has reserved to itself power to make purchases and stock goods in anticipation of a demand at the discretion of the Board so that whenever the demand actually arises the society may be in a position to put the goods in the market on favourable terms. Where this is done the rates on sales to stores or societies will be so regulated by the Board as to equate purchases made for varying rates. The margin of profit that is left will be available for distribution as bonus on purchases by co-operative institutes in the ordinary course.

The society will deal in a few main articles which can be purchased wholesale in Bombay City.

All co-operative societies joining the agency will be bound in the first instance to address their inquiries to it, and if the rates quoted by it are the same or reasonably near the rates quoted by other agencies will be required to make their purchases through it. In order to obtain at the outset sufficient business to cover its working expenses, the agency will be at liberty to deal with other outside traders provided that it will never deal with outside agencies in any area in which a co-operative store is at work, and also charge outsiders a slightly higher rate of commission.

For this class of business the agency will not require much working capital. It is proposed, for the present, to issue 10,000 shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up on application. Stores joining the agency are required to take up one share for every 1,000 Rs. of their own working capital. Preference will be given to application for shares from stores and other co-operative societies; but the balance of shares available will be issued to individual members of registered co-operative societies, and to the public. The profits will be devoted to paying a dividend of 6½ per cent. on the shares, and the balance will be distributed as rebate to co-operative societies in proportion to their purchases during the year.

The society will be managed by a board of not less than eight and not more than twenty persons elected by the general body, of whom a certain number will be representative businessmen belonging to Bombay City, and at least four will be from the second year, the representatives of co-operative institutions dealing with the agency.

The bye-laws of the society may be inspected at the registered office of the society, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, and every person applying for a share or shares of the society, or to whom any share or shares of the society shall be allotted will be deemed to have inspected the bye-laws of the society, and to have had full notice of the contents thereof.

Copies of the Prospectus can be obtained at the registered office of the society

Application for shares should be made on the accompanying form which may be sent together with the amount payable on application to the society.

Where no allotment is made, the deposit will be returned in full, and where the number of shares allotted is less than the numbers applied for, the balance of the deposit will be duly returned to applicant.

The Last Frolic of the Day.

THE bath is over with its splashing and its fun. And bedtime's coming with its blessing and its kiss. But, in between these two most precious beings have a half-hour all their own; a little time to revel in their buoyant health and spirits, for both are well, and both are very happy.

A happy baby makes a happy mother; and a baby fed on Glaxo is always happy because Glaxo is a baby's ideal nourishment, whenever, for any reason, his mother's milk is not available. Glaxo not only fully nourishes, but leaves baby free from indigestion—the cause of more unhappy babies than most people suspect.

As every mother knows, pure, clean, fresh, rich cow's milk is best after healthy breast milk for baby, and this is just what Glaxo is. But it has the added advantage that it does not go sour. The Glaxo process of drying the milk destroys the germs which are the cause of milk-borne diseases (such as diptheria, scarlet fever, tuberculosis, etc.), and it also prevents the curd (casein) forming a leathery, hard-to-digest mass in baby's stomach—instead it forms into tiny soft particles from which baby can easily and quickly get its nutriment which goes to form firm flesh and dense bones.

Doubtless you will join the happy band of mothers who have already found, by comfortable experience, that Glaxo is the food that saves them from worry and anxiety, and ensures baby a healthy constitution with the prospects of a bright, happy future.

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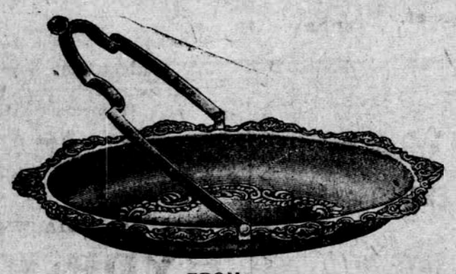

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CHINA AND TIBET.

THE PRESENT SITUATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

In view of th many recent rumours regarding Tibetan affairs and the closeness of Tibet to the borders of India the following article in the "North China Herald" giving the present relations between Great Britain, China and Tibet will be read with interest:—

That paper writes:—The precise statement issued through Reuter's Agency regarding Great Britain's share in the negotiations between China and Tibet is to be welcomed. For some time past Japanese newspapers have been continually harping on Great Britain's imaginary designs upon Tibet, and moving appeals have been directed from the Press of Tokio and Osaka to the Chinese people to be on their guard against the subtle diplomacy of th crafty Anglo-Saxon. The attempt to draw a red herring across the trial of the Shantung question was too palpable to deceive anyone. The Chinese have remained singularly unmoved by the Japanese newspapers' solicitude on their behalf. But in view of the old adage that if enough mud be thrown, some is pretty sure to stick, it is as well to have it clearly emphasized that Great Britain's only concern in Tibet is that a country adjoining India should be at peace; that her only interest in the Sino-Tibetan negotiations is that of a mediator; and that so far as she cares, every atom of those negotiations may be published for all to read.

The Tibetan question is complicated by the remoteness and inaccessibility of the regions concerned, by the confusion of peoples and boundaries, so that large districts, Chinese according to maps, are mainly Tibetan in population; and by the inability to see reason on the part of the Chinese Government, which cannot assert its authority even in Szechuan, much less in the Marches of Tibet. There is certain pride in the counsels of Peking which makes it cling all the more eagerly to the old outer dependencies in proportion as its authority is openly contemned in China proper. The revolt against the Manchus was the signal for the Tibetans to rise against the domination which had been imposed by the masterful Chao Erh-feng, backed by his brother the Viceroy of Szechuan, and there followed the long, wasting and altogether fruitless campaigns of Yuin Tutuh, which eventually led to the triple conference at Simla in 1913-14. The upshot of those discussions was the proposal to form an Inner Tibet, covering the regions on the western borders of Szechuan, mostly populated by Tibetans, which should be under Chinese sovereignty, with special privileges secured to the Tibetans. Outer Tibet was to be autonomous, but there was to be a Chinese Resident at Lhasa with a small bodyguard. This arrangement China refused to sign, because she insisted on the old Manchu frontier referred to in the statement now issued through Reuter. The futility of this claim was sufficiently shown during the fighting in the latter part of 1917 and the first half of 1918, when the Tibetans easily overran a large part of the Marches and captured Chamdo. A year's armistice was concluded at the beginning of November, 1918, which, of course, has now expired. We have not yet heard of any renewal of hostilities, but by recent letters from our Tachienlu correspondent, the atmosphere has become threatening and it is much to be wished that a permanent settlement might be reached.

The obscure point in Reuter's communiqué is why Peking postponed in August discussion of the arrangement it suggested in May and which Great Britain had declared herself ready to endorse if it were approved by the Tibetans. The excuse that local opinion must first be consulted, has just as much importance as any one cares to give it and no more. It is not Peking's way to bother its head much about local opinion, especially after a year's armistice; and the natural inference would be that Peking thought itself at that time capable of enforcing its wishes *viet armis* and thus hoped to avoid the indignity of negotiating with those whom it deems an inferior people. Latterly there may have been some hope that Tibet would be influenced by the example of Mongolia to come into the fold of her own accord. But the situations are not parallel. In so far as Mongolia's surrender of autonomy is voluntary, she appears to be actuated by a real dread of Bolshevist Russia. Tibet has no such uncomfortable neighbour, and is thoroughly convinced of her own wish for independence and her ability to uphold it. So long as Peking insists on the frontier of 1,727 we fear the Tibetan question will remain unsolved.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON BARRISTER.

CHARGE AGAINST 13 BARRISTERS AND VAKILS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Jan. 26.

Mr. K. J. Rustomji, Barrister-at-Law of Lahore has filed a criminal complaint under section 355 Indian Penal Code or any other section or sections which may be properly applicable in the court of the registrar of the Lahore High Court against 13 barristers and vakils, members of the High Court Bar Association. In his complaint he alleges that on 17th January in consequence of a letter which he wrote and which appeared in the "Civil and Military Gazette" under the heading "The Congress and General Dyer," he was assaulted by the accused off and on for nearly an hour in the High Court Bar Association. The case has been transferred to the Court of Mr. Keough, Magistrate, Lahore.

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GRIEVANCES OF INDIANS IN UGANDA.

SEGRAGATION OF RACES.

The "Uganda Herald" just to hand contains a report of an address presented to His Excellency the Governor of Uganda Protectorate by the Kampala India Association, at Kampala, in that country. The occasion was the departure of the Governor for England where he was proceeding to discuss with the Colonial Office numerous questions touching the development of the country. The address raised numerous points. It asked for a grant-in-aid and freehold building site for the encouragement of education and complained that when the Association applied for a plot for a school building they could only obtain one on a lease of 15 years, which was useless. It complained that owing to Government drawing distinctions between Europeans and Indians regarding the allotment of land for residential quarters in the principal towns, the Indian localities had become congested and insanitary. Among other complaints made was one that though Indians had the privilege of trial by the jury in India there was no provision for trial by jury under the Uganda Criminal Procedure Ordinance. A demand was made that Hindu and Mahomedan Law as regards succession and marriage should be recognised in the Protectorate and that Indian High Court vakils and solicitors should be allowed to practise in the Law Courts of the Protectorate. The address requested that hospital accommodation which had just been provided for the European community, should also be made for Indians. It also begged that freehold land should be given at nominal rates to Indians to encourage them as settlers and the Association protested against the regulations governing the local cotton trade.

His Excellency the Governor in his reply, said that as the address raised so many contentious points and he was just about to leave the country he could not at once answer its details. But many of the points raised were fair and now that he had them before him on paper he would give them his consideration. Several of them, such as education, trial by jury, hospitals and so on, would be raised when he was in England. He pointed out that the complaint as to cotton regulation was open to argument and said he did not agree with the statement regarding the Mahomedan succession and marriage laws.

INDIAN INDIGO ASSOCIATION.

ESTABLISHED IN CALCUTTA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan 26.

An organisation styled the Indian Indigo co-operative association has been established in Calcutta by those concerned in the Indigo industry of Behar and Bengal. The object of the association is to promote by co-operative methods distribution of Indigo to further research work and propoganda and generally to protect and to advance the interests of its members as manufactures and sellers of Indigo. This association has been recognised by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and its business will be transacted by the saff of the Chambebr. The first meeting of the association was held on 12h January. In the opidion of the association researches that are being conducted by the India Office Indigo Paste Committee ought unquestionably to beh continued, but in view of the prices at present ruling for cake Indigo, it would not be a business proposition to undertake manufacture of paste on a commercial scale in England. Although fully appreciating the value of the research work paste committee the association agree with and support the conclusion of the Delhi Conference of 22nd February, 1915, namely that reserch on standardisation and manufacture is essential, if Indigo is to be put in the market in excess of demand for cake. But as long as cake Indigo can be sold as it is being sold now, at a profit, they cannot undertake to manufacture paste on a commercial scale and to sell it at a loss. The association hope time will come when the supply of Indigo will be in excess of the demand for cakes. Members of the association hope that their organisation will be recognised and supported by Government and the proceeds of Indigo cess be made over to them for additional research work.

SUGAR COMMITTEE IN RANGOON.

FURTHER EVIDENCE.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Jan. 26.

The Sugar Committee at the sitting to-da heard evidence of customs officials and R A. McKerral, Deputy Director, Souther Circle. Customs figures showed that stoppage of rice supplies to Java resulted in reduced sugar imports into Burma as vessels used to bring sugar and take away rice During 1919-1920 foreign imports of suga showed marked decrease. Before the war hal of sugar imports of Burma was German an Austria but in 1915-16 330,000 cwt. sugar wa imported from Java, last year 46,000 cwts and in 9 months of current financial year 29,000 cwts. Mr. McKerral's written statement showed that soils in lower Burma were largely over alluvium not suitable for cane growing, while mid and upper Burma were more favourable if irrigation can be assured. The Committee leaves on Tuesday for Moulmein taking evidence there and inspecting growths at various places returning Rangoon down the Irrawadi and after a conference with revenue authorities leave for Calcutta on 12th February.

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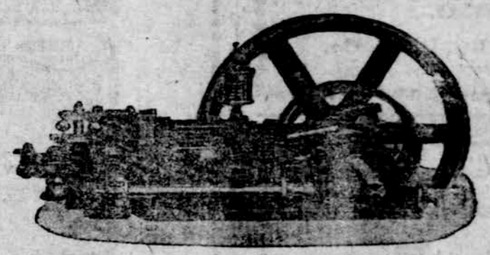

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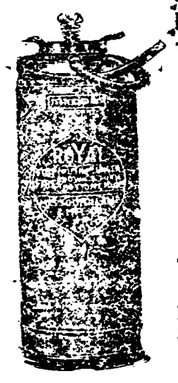

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